

Kewaskum Statesman.

KEWASKUM, WIS., SATURDAY, APRIL 6, 1918

NUMBER 31

Read the Ads in This Issue as They will be of Interest to You

Subscribe for This Paper and Get all the News \$1.50 per Year

VOLUME XXIII

SECOND ARTICLE ON TRUNK HIGHWAY

The roads on the State Trunk Highway System in this county have already been laid out and they are familiar to the public through a legal description of them published in the county newspapers.

The total mileage of the State Trunk Highway System in this county is 4988.28. Of this 64 miles lie in this county.

The two features that will be most noticeable to the public when active work is in progress will be the patrol maintenance and the standardized road marking.

It is admitted by everybody who has anything to do with road work that the only system of maintaining roads, which means keeping the roads in condition after they are built, is by patrol maintenance.

The modern theory of maintenance is that a stiffer in time saves nine; and that to maintain a road you must keep it constantly and make repairs as soon as a weakness appears.

The state has been divided into eight divisions with a Division Engineer in charge of each, having in his jurisdiction eight to eleven counties.

Certain sections of the road are in such condition, largely through the lack of drainage, that they must be graded and the ditches opened before patrol maintenance can be placed on them.

Each county has been divided into patrol sections and in many counties the patrolmen have been selected. The plan is to get good, substantial, reliable men and they will be paid from \$110 to \$135 per month depending upon the mileage to be taken care of, the condition of the road, the volume of traffic, etc.

Certain sections of the road are in such condition, largely through the lack of drainage, that they must be graded and the ditches opened before patrol maintenance can be placed on them.

By adding new material, which will also be done by the gang maintenance crew. Many of the counties having a large mileage of stone or gravel roads which require bituminous treatment have appropriated additional funds for this purpose and the oiling gang will do most the work.

Farmers are surprised to see the sudden rise in the prices of horses. For more than a year horses have been the only cheap animal on the farm and ranches and there was little or no sale of them.

Several years ago all the calves of the dairy cows were sent to the stockyards and so cows are now selling around \$200 for the good milkers and none are offered. The same is true of hogs and sheep, and I confidently expect that horses will follow on the trend of upward prices.

Scrap Iron Wanted—S. Moses, Kewaskum.—Adv.

COUNCIL OF DEFENSE ORDERS

The following order was this week received by Postmaster George H. Schmidt. The public is urged to govern themselves accordingly.

On and after April 1st, 1918, parcels or mail to members and individuals connected with the American Expeditionary Forces in Europe shall not be accepted for mailing or dispatched unless they contain such articles only as are being sent at the written request of the addressee approved by his regimental or higher commander or an executive officer of the organization with which he is connected.

Parcels containing articles not being sent in accordance with such approved writing shall not be accepted for mailing. Such parcels when offered for mailing shall be returned to the sender.

War Department Orders The foregoing order and instructions are issued at the request of the War Department and in pursuance of an order of that department dated, March 28th, 1918.

The post office department believes that this action is prompted by military necessity and that the public will cheerfully acquiesce to it. Postmasters are instructed to enforce it rigidly.

SPECIAL BULLETIN Bakers

All bakers are hereby notified that rye flour cannot be used as a substitute for wheat flour after April 1st. Beginning with April 1st, all bakers must use 25 per cent of substitute in their bread. The use of sugar on bread and rolls is forbidden.

Meat

All meatless days and meatless meals are hereby suspended by order of the U. S. Food Administration until May 1st. This ruling is due to the fact there is an unusual run of hogs in the market and limited storage capacity in packer's cellars and also a shortage of cars and a shortage of overseas transportation.

Wheat Flour

There is no change in the ruling to the effect that all consumers must purchase wheat flour and substitutes on the fifty-fifty basis. After April 1st, however, and in those who do not exceed one-half pound of flour per person per week, or six pounds of flour per person per month. In this connection substitutes must be purchased as heretofore.

Hotels

Five hundred leading hotel men from all parts of the United States pledged themselves on March 30th, to abolish absolutely the use of wheat products in their hotels until the next harvest, in order that through their example an adequate shipment of wheat to the allies may be made.

BEECHWOOD VALLEY

John Aupperle called on Wm. Glass Friday.

Arthur Glass spent Wednesday at New Prospect.

Miss Elva Glass spent Sunday with Miss Myrtle Mulvey.

Ed. Koepke called on friends at Mitchell Sunday evening.

Raymond and Erwin Krahn spent Saturday at New Prospect.

PEARSON BROWN DIES IN FRANCE

The first official casualty report to strike this community announced the death of Private Pearson Brown, who was with the Rainbow division on the firing line in France.

The message was received by his father at Campbellsport Monday evening and is as follows:

Washington, D. C., April 1, 1918 Mr. Lloyd Brown,

Campbellsport, Wis. Deeply regret to inform you that it is officially reported that Private Pearson Brown, Machine Gun Battery died of ateliosis, March twenty-ninth.

McCain, The Adjutant General Pearson Brown enlisted with Co. E of Fond du Lac in June 1917, and with his company was made a member of the Rainbow division, and sent to France last fall.

Our young hero, who gave his life for his country, was a favorite personage wherever he was known. His pals, who affectionately called him as "Sunny" Brown, had ample reason to do so; for his sunny disposition never failed him, and his welcome smile greeted one and all, in rain or sunny weather.

His devotion to his parents was most sincere and their love for him only shows the more their loyalty to their country in giving up their only son, not as a drafted man, but as a volunteer to go forth and help to stamp out the despised Prusianism, the menace of the world.

To the people of Kewaskum the news was of more than ordinary sadness, for he was well and intimately known here having graduated from the local high school with the class of 1917, after finishing the Junior and Senior terms at the local educational institution.

During these years he was a star member of the High School Basketball team and a prime favorite among class mates and faculty.

Herman Jandry returned home from Milwaukee hospital Tuesday, very much improved.

Quite a few from the attended the funeral of Pearson Brown, which was held at Campbellsport Tuesday.

Miss Eva Romaine of Fond du Lac spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Romaine.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Norges of Waucousta were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Jandry Friday.

Arthur Feuerhammer and sister Helen of New Fane visited with Herman Baumann and family Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Bartel and children visited Friday with Herman Bartel and family and Waucousta.

Wm. Baumann and family of Round Lake visited Monday with his brother Herman Baumann and family.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Romaine and daughter Corral spent Saturday and Sunday with relatives at Fond du Lac.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Wilhelmson and daughter Helen of Forest Lake spent Thursday with M. and Mrs. J. P. Walsh.

Mrs. Wm. Bartel and daughter Cordele spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Scholz at Balmville.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Moyer and son John spent Friday with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Meyer at Cascade.

Mrs. H. Molkentien returned home from Milwaukee Tuesday where she had undergone an operation at the Ogden hospital.

M. T. Kohn and sons and mother, Mrs. T. Kohn motored to Fond du Lac Sunday afternoon to visit with relatives.

Mrs. F. Mink and the Misses Ethel and Verna Romaine of Waupun spent Easter with the G. M. and R. J. Romaine families.

Mr. and Mrs. John Rinzel and children and Miss Margaret Rinzel of West Bend spent Sunday with friends at Ashford.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Uelmen and Mrs. A. Krueger spent Easter with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Uelmen at Campbellsport.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Tunn, daughter Elizabeth and brother Gust Flitter spent Friday with their brother Adolph Flitter and family at Campbellsport.

NEW PROSPECT

J. W. Walsh was a Milwaukee caller Wednesday.

James McGarvey of Mitchell was a village caller Friday.

The Town Board met at John Tunn's place Tuesday.

Henry Firks of New Fane called on J. P. Uelmen Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Bartel spent Monday at Kewaskum on business.

Fred Heider of Dundee called on friends in the village Monday.

Aug. Marquardt of Waucousta was a business caller here Wednesday.

Robt. Buettner of Auburn was a business caller in the village Monday.

Miss Margaret Rinzel of West Bend spent Easter with J. Rinzel and family.

Miss Eva Romaine of Fond du Lac spent Easter with J. Rinzel and family.

John Rinzel spent Monday with his brother, Hubert Rinzel at St. Mathias.

Oscar Balett of Waucousta called on Wm. Bartel and family Wednesday.

Frank Backhaus of New Fane called on friends in the village Wednesday.

Gust. Flitter of Campbellsport spent the week-end with relatives here.

Roy Hennings of Dundee spent Thursday with W. J. Romaine and family.

M. T. Kohn and J. P. Uelmen motored to Campbellsport on business Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lynn Ostrander spent Friday with relatives at Campbellsport.

Miss Helen Treleven spent her Easter vacation with her parents near Fond du Lac.

Mrs. J. Schultz of Lake Fifteen visited Friday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Stern.

Clemens Brown and Henry Wittenberg of Dundee were callers in the village Monday.

Art. and Adolph Glass of Beechwood Valley were pleasant village callers Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Koehr of Dundee were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bartel Monday.

Raymond and Erwin Krahn of Beechwood Valley spent Saturday with friends here.

Herman Jandry returned home from Milwaukee hospital Tuesday, very much improved.

Quite a few from the attended the funeral of Pearson Brown, which was held at Campbellsport Tuesday.

Miss Eva Romaine of Fond du Lac spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Romaine.

ELECTION VERY SPIRITED HERE

Election passed off very quietly in the village and town last Tuesday with the exception of a few offices on which stamp tickets were placed in the field and were elected in place of the regular nominated candidates.

In the village the regular nominated ticket carried with the exception of one trustee, Martin Basil running stamp defeated Otto E. Lay. In the town the contest was a trifle hotter there being opposition for three offices.

Gerhard Pellenz defeated Aug. Schnurr for Chairman; August Kirchner won out over Henry Muecke for assessor and Louis Habeck defeated Fred Schaefer for treasurer.

At West Bend the fight for mayor was decided in favor of Jos. Huber, the present incumbent, who defeated his opponent Robert Rolfs, by over 4 to 1.

The Senatorial race was won by Irvine L. Lenroot, Republican, with Davies second. Berger, the Socialist candidate for Senator, ran very strong in the county.

Result in the County KEWASKUM VILLAGE—President, Wm. Ziegler, trustees, Chas. Groeschel, J. Klessig, M. Basil, supervisor, L. P. Rosenheimer, clerk, Ed. C. Miller, assessor, John Weddig, treasurer, R. S. Demas, justices of the peace for two years, L. D. Guth and Wm. Olwin, constable Roman Smith.

KEWASKUM TOWN—Chairman G. Pellenz; supervisors, F. Klein, A. B. Ramthun; clerk, A. Habeck; assessor, August Kirchner; treasurer, Louis Habeck.

ADDITION—Chairman, Alfred Becker; supervisors, Joseph Scherer, John Bruer; clerk, Emil Roeker; assessor, Louis Kuhaupt; treasurer, Peter Ritter.

BARTON—Chairman, Jack Vogel; supervisors, R. C. Kocher, Wm. Duengel; clerk, Wm. J. Goebel; assessor, Peter Leibenberger; treasurer, Frank Bertram.

ERIN—Chairman, J. P. O'Neil; supervisors, Thos. Jefford, Pat. Daly; clerk, James Keeney; assessor, Peter Weber; treasurer, Mich. Brady.

FARMINGTON—Chairman, J. A. Kraetsch; supervisors, Gust. Degnitz, H. Groeschel; clerk, C. Weinreich; assessor, Wm. Brazelton; treasurer, Max Grable.

GERMANTOWN—Chairman, J. J. Leleh; supervisors, K. Schneider, A. Wetternau; clerk, F. Schwalbach; assessor, Wm. Zau.

JACKSON VILLAGE—President J. A. Pfeiffer; trustees, Jac. Gumm, Henry Wolff; Henry Albel; supervisor, Alfred Froehlich; clerk, Nick Schaefer; assessor, Val. Rheingans; treasurer, Henry Prah; constable, W. Weidman; justice, W. H. Froehlich; police justice, Alfred Held.

JACKSON TOWN—Chairman, H. Goth; supervisors, O. Hafemann, F. Schmidt; clerk, Herman Koepke; assessor, John Kamenberg; treasurer, Jos. Zeimann; justice, Henry Stauske; constable, Hugo Woltd.

POLK—Chairman, Peter Mueller; supervisors, F. Rothenmaier, A. Endres; clerk, John Weckmueller; assessor, Geo. Kuhaupt; treasurer, John Schubert.

RICHFIELD—Chairman, Peter Becker; supervisors, N. Friess, Henry Zolhoff; clerk, M. Klein.

SCHLEISINGVILLE—President, Aug. Storck; trustees, Frank Ganns, Anton Katzfey, Chas. Pfeiffer; supervisor, Charles Storck; clerk, Wm. Langenacker; assessor, Gerhard Koening; treasurer, John T. Mueller.

TRENTON—Chairman, B. W. Fick; supervisors, Joseph Blecha, A. Lettner; clerk, Joseph Mayer; assessor, Al. Brott; treasurer, Andrew Heindl.

WAYNE—Chairman, Philip Schellinger; supervisors, Henry Jaak, W. E. Endlich; clerk, Adam Kohl; assessor, Andrew Martin; treasurer, Harvey Sell.

WEST BEND TOWN—Chairman, John N. Peters; supervisors, Steve Bauer, Wm. Rosenthal; clerk, Math. Pfeiffer; assessor, J. A. Johannes; treasurer, Neri. Fellenz.

CAMPBELLSPORT—President, J. H. Kleinhaus; clerk, J. M. Kohler; treasurer, Jacob W. Schaefer; assessor, J. A. Pesch; trustees for two years, Emmett Curran, Math. Schaefer, H. D. Lichtensteiger; trustees for one year, John Brauer and Charles Behner; supervisor, Edward Senn; constable, John Schaefer; Police Justice, James W. Foley.

TOWN OF AUBURN—Chairman, Peter Schroeter; supervisors, Herman Fick and Stephen Klein; clerk, Frank Schultz; treasurer, Charles Bleck; assessor, John Rinzel.

TOWN OF ASHFORD—Chairman, Joe. Serwan; supervisors, Peter Thill and William Jaeger; clerk, John Senn; treasurer, Matt Schill; assessor, Nick Stoffel; justice, Bert Tholan; and constable Lorenz Rafenstein.

The New County Board Addition.....Alfred Becker Barton.....Jacob Vogt/sane Erin.....J. P. O'Neil Farmington.....Jac. Kraetsch German town.....Lud. Leicht Hartford.....Lud. Pfeiffer Harford, 2nd Wd.....Wm. S. Melcher Jackson Town.....Herman Groth Jackson Village, Alfred B. Froehlich Kewaskum Town.....Gerhard Pellenz Kewaskum Village L. P. Rosenheimer Polk.....Peter Mueller Richfield.....Peter Becker Schleisingville.....Aug. Storck Trenton.....Ph. Schellinger West Bend Town.....John N. Peters West Bend, 1st Wd.....G. C. Bratz West Bend, 2nd Wd.....Geo. A. Weiss West Bend, 3rd Wd.....Theo. Bernd New members.

CLEAN UP YOUR TOWN

Clean up the town. This is not slang. Declare war on filth, dirt and rubbish.

People are often judged by the clothes they wear, until known for their true worth or unworthiness.

A stranger will always judge a town by its looks.

Dirty streets, alleys and yards full of rubbish, and fence and building corners full of weeds indicate a lax, slovenly citizenship and great lack of home pride.

Now is the time to put on the municipal spring dress, now the time to clean up the winter's accumulation of fire and disease-germ breeding rubbish and debris, wherever found, in basements, attics, closets, yards, area yards, sheds and barns.

Acting under authority of Section 927p, some city councils have already decided on a spring clean-up, and to remove ashes and rubbish, placed on the street sides, at public expense.

What have your city fathers done in this matter?

A clean town means health, it means saving of property from fire, it means saving of lives from the ravages of disease and fire, it means dollars and cents, it means satisfaction with your surroundings.

Let mayors and village presidents designate and proclaim the first week of May as Clean-up week.

Let the house and shop keepers thoroughly clean up all rubbish in and on their respective premises.

Let health officers, fire chiefs, women's clubs and other civic bodies aid in planning and carrying out this clean-up work.

Let the school children be organized as clean-up squads.

Let everybody work and boost for a clean town.

Use caution in burning leaves and rubbish. Too many careless children are burned at such fires, and often such fires, left unattended, spread to buildings and destroy them.

This is no time for needless sacrifice of life or property through preventable fires or diseases. Such sacrifices must be made across the seas, combating liquid fire, poisonous gases and disease germs of rampant anocracy.

When your back yard is cleaned up, spade it up to its every corner, and raise much needed food instead of unsightly weeds.

Replacing dry, moss-covered shingle roofs and defective chimney tops, closing up needless wall openings, using paint liberally, and tiling and beautifying your home grounds and buildings, will help to make a city beautiful and safe.

Let there be no civic slackers. This is your home town, so work and boost for it and help to make it the best and cleanest town in the state.

Clean-up, paint up, spade up, and plant food, plant manhood, plant civic pride, secure safety.

You try it, it is catching. INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION Dated March 29, 1918.

ROBERT McCULLOUGH PASSES AWAY IN DEATH

At his home in this village, Robert McCullough, an old and highly respected citizen, passed away into eternal sleep at 6:50 P. M., last Thursday evening, April 4th.

Mr. McCullough had been confined to his home for the past six weeks with dropsy and the end had been expected for some time. Robert McCullough was born in County Down, Ireland, in the year 1838, having attained the age of 80 years.

He emigrated to this country in 1868, settling in the town of Wayne, where he resided until the year 1907, when he moved to this village. In the year 1878, he was united in wedlock to Miss Mary Gleason, who together with six children survive him. The surviving children are: Robert of Wayne; William, Dennis and Nellie, (Mrs. Fred Budenhagen) of Milwaukee; Mary (Mrs. Philip McLaughlin) of this village; John of Deer Lodge, Montana.

Mr. McCullough was a very familiar figure on the streets of our village when he was in good health and was known and beloved by young and old, who always hailed him as uncle. His absence from the daily affairs of the village will not only be felt by his relatives but by the entire community, in which he was so well and favorably known.

The funeral services will be held Monday, from the Holy Trinity church at 10 A. M., with interment in the congregations cemetery. Rev. Ph. J. Vogt will officiate.

We desire to express our sincere sympathy to the bereaved relatives in this their hour of deepest affliction.

GERALDINE FARRAR IN JOAN THE WOMAN

In "Joan the Woman", the big feature, Geraldine Farrar is seen at the best advantage in which she has yet appeared on the screen.

This production easily ranks with "Intolerance," "Civilization" and "A Daughter of the Gods" in size, scope, imagination, drama, photography and critical purpose.

Miss Farrar makes as ideal a Maid of Orleans as is possible when difficulties of visualizing a historical and traditional character are considered.

While Joan lived and achieved all of the remarkable feats which make her immortal in history, there is a touch of the vague and supernatural about her character which renders it illusive.

That Miss Farrar envelopes Joan with this mystic essence without any way detracting from the dramatic and military side of her career is perhaps the greatest compliment that can be paid to her wonderful acting.

The scenario, arranged by Jennie MacPherson, connects the events of Rheims and Orleans with the travel through which France is going today.

A prologue shows an English trench "somewhere in France." A volunteer is asked to blow up a certain German trench. A young English officer steps forward. The commander tells him that he will not be needed until midnight, to think it over until then, because the man who goes on this mission will not return.

The young officer is then shown fighting a battle within his own soul. To go or not to go? While doing so a vision of Joan of Arc appears to him and tells him that he must make the sacrifice in explanation of what he did to her nearly 500 years before.

The scenes then shift to the days when Charles VII, was the uncrowned king of France, and Burgundy and England were combined to shake him from his tottering throne.

The young officer in the trench in France in 1916 was the reincarnation of the leader of the English whom Joan fought and defeated outside the walls of Orleans.

The scene of the battle in which Joan, leading the revived and inspired army of France, defeats the English and raises the siege of Orleans is one of the most magnificent on the screen.

Even more inspiring is the preceding scene in which the peasant maid is accepted by Charles VII, as the leader of his army, and the soldiers of France, who have been a women until now, respond with mighty enthusiasm to her call to arms.

The battle of Orleans ends with the first part of the picture; the second part is taken up with the subsequent dramatic events of Joan's career leading to her capture and martyrdom at the stake.

Her death by burning reaches remarkable heights of motion picture realism and reflects, as, of course, does the entire production, great credit upon the skill and ingenuity of Cecil B. DeMille, the director.

The supporting cast is exceptionally fine. Standing out most prominently is Wallace Reid as the young British officer. There are rash, gallant and romance in his face, bearing and action.

"Joan the Woman" will be presented at the Opera House Sunday evening, April 7th at 8 o'clock.

OPGENORTH-ROMAINE WEDDING

A very pretty wedding was solemnized at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Opgenorth, at 3 o'clock, April 2nd, when their daughter Hedwig was united in marriage to Mr. Edgar Romaine, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Romaine of New Prospect, Fond du Lac county. Rev. Corr of Juneau tied the nuptial knot.

The bride was attended by Miss Ethel Romaine, sister of the groom, as maid of honor; and the groom by Oscar Opgenorth, brother of the bride, as best man.

The bride was prettily gowned in a French serge trailing suit, and wore a corsage bouquet of orchids, while the maid of honor was dressed in a blue silk poodle dress, and carried a bouquet of sweet peas. The decorations at the house were green and white.

Mrs. Elwyn Romaine of this village played the wedding march. After the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride with only immediate relatives in attendance.

The newly weds are very well and favorably known in this village. Mr. Romaine is a graduate of the local high school, and also was a star basketball player on both the high school basketball team and the Kewaskum city team.

The young couple left the same day for a short wedding trip through the eastern states, after which they will be at home to their many friends on the groom's farm at New Prospect.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

S. Moses, our junk dealer, wishes to announce to the people of this community that he will move next week from the Andrae residence on North Fond du Lac avenue to the Joseph Strachota residence on South Fond du Lac avenue. After Monday, April 8th, Mr. Moses can be found at the latter place. Telephone number will be announced in the near future.

Scrap Iron Wanted—S. Moses, Kewaskum.—Adv.

OF INTEREST TO ANGLERS

"Chapter 128, laws of 1917, opened hook and line fishing in the state of Wisconsin on May 1, 1917. This chapter also provides that this Commission may issue an order opening the season on the same date, i. e., May 1, 1918, if the conditions as to scarcity and high prices for food stuffs prevail in 1918.

Under date of March 1, 1918, this Commission took the following action: (1) In addition to the open season now provided by law any person who is a resident of the state of Wisconsin may catch fish, except large and small mouth black bass, muskellunge, and sturgeon, from any of the waters of this state by means of hook and line from May 1, 1918 to May 29, 1918, both inclusive, subject to the following restrictions:

(A) The quantity of fish permitted to be so taken shall not exceed in any one day ten pounds round, except that two fish of any weight above legal size may be so taken.

(B) No fish taken under the provisions of this act shall be shipped, sold, or caused to be shipped, sold or bartered.

(C) No fish shall be taken by any method, by any means, or under any conditions, or of a length now prohibited by law for the taking, capturing, or killing of fish during the open season therefore.

This act shall be punished in the manner now provided by law for like offenses.

State Conservation Commission M. W. A. MEETING Next Tuesday, March 9th, the regular monthly meeting of Modern Woodmen of America will be held at 7:30 o'clock in the evening at the Good Templars hall. Very important business matters will come before the meeting and all members are requested to be present.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to thank our friends who so kindly assisted us at the time of our great bereavement, and during the funeral of our wife and mother; for the beautiful floral offerings, the Rev. Otto for his kind words of sympathy, to Mrs. Otto for the singing and to all those who assisted us at the funeral.

TEUTONS REPULSED WITH BIG LOSSES; ALLIES WIN GROUND

British Storm Strong Positions Along Luce River.

HUN DEAD COVER GROUND

Haig's Troops Improve Positions South of Hangard and at Other Points—French Hurl Back Strong Enemy Force on the Oise.

London, April 3.—The report from Field Marshal Haig's headquarters in France says:

"Except for minor enterprises, which we carried out in the neighborhood of Serre, and as a result of which we captured a German post, the day passed more quietly on the whole battle front."

[Serre is on the road from Arras to Amiens, almost in a direct line between Arras and Albert and slightly nearer the latter city.]

British Storm Wood.

British Army Headquarters in France, April 2.—The British stormed strongly held German positions in a wood along the Luce river yesterday. When the enemy withdrew, after sharp fighting, he left the ground strewn with his dead.

The Germans shelled the wood heavily after it was occupied by the British and organized two counter-attacks for the purpose of retaking it. Both were caught in the British artillery barrage and broken.

Haig Gains South of Hangard.

The British improved their position by an attack south of Hangard, and later repulsed two German counter-attacks which essayed to restore the situation.

South of Hebuterne the British conducted a successful local attack and repulsed a counter-attack.

Allies Make Advance.

Paris, April 3.—French and British troops advanced during the night between the Somme and Demuin, it is announced officially. Over most of the front between the Somme and the Oise the night was relatively calm. Heavy artillery fighting occurred at some points.

Day Passes Quietly on British Front.

London, April 3.—The war office issued the following statement: "The day passed quietly on the British front. There was no serious fighting on the French front."

"In the course of the fighting in the area between the Aves and the Luce rivers we captured 50 prisoners and 13 machine guns. A large number of German dead was found on the ground in this locality by us, and two counter-attacks attempted by the enemy later in the day were broken up with heavy loss by our artillery. A German battery in action in this area was successfully engaged at short range and silenced by our machine guns."

"A successful local enterprise carried out by us in the neighborhood of Hebuterne resulted in the capture of 73 prisoners and three machine guns. Many Germans were killed in this operation also, and a hostile counter-attack during the afternoon was completely repulsed."

"On the remainder of the front successful raids, in which we secured several prisoners and killed a number of the enemy, were carried out in the neighborhood of Acheville and Hollebeke."

French Hurl Back Huns on Oise.

Paris, April 3.—The war office issued the following statement: "The day was marked by quite spirited artillery fighting, particularly between Montdidier and Laasgny. Our batteries caught under their fire enemy concentrations east of Cantigny."

"A strong German reconnaissance, attacked by our troops on the left bank of the Oise, southwest of Servals, was repulsed."

French Hurl Back Huns on Oise.

Paris, April 3.—The war office issued the following statement: "The day was marked by quite spirited artillery fighting, particularly between Montdidier and Laasgny. Our batteries caught under their fire enemy concentrations east of Cantigny."

"A strong German reconnaissance, attacked by our troops on the left bank of the Oise, southwest of Servals, was repulsed."

Counter-Attacks Repulsed—Berlin

Berlin, April 3.—The following statement covering operations on the Western front was issued here: "The position on the battlefield is unchanged. Counter-attacks made by the enemy near Hebuterne and with special stubbornness against heights captured by us between the Luce and the Aves broke down with heavy losses. Minor infantry engagements took place between the Aves and the Oise."

The French have continued to shell Laon, and numerous of the inhabitants have fallen victims.

"Reconnaissance engagements occurred on the eastern bank of the Meuse near Haulfontain and southeast of Thun; some prisoners were brought in."

LENROOT LEADS IN RACE FOR SENATOR

INCOMPLETE RETURNS INDICATE VICTORY OF REPUBLICAN BY 15,000 VOTES.

DAVIES IN SECOND PLACE

Justice Rosenberry Is Re-Elected to State Supreme Court—Milwaukee Again Chooses Socialist Mayor by 3,000 Majority.

Milwaukee, April 3.—Incomplete returns from yesterday's election show that Congressman Irvine L. Lenroot, republican, has been elected to the United States senate from Wisconsin, with Davies, democrat, running second, and Berger, socialist, third.

At 3 o'clock Wednesday morning, a total of 230,458 votes had been recorded from 53 counties. It is estimated that between 400,000 and 450,000 votes were cast in the election, and that at least one-half of the vote has been heard from. This vote gave Lenroot 92,677; Davies, 82,775; and Berger, 55,006. Lenroot had a lead of 9,902 over Davies.

Counties from which no returns had been received were: Eau Claire, Juneau, Kewaunee, Vernon, Outagamie, Portage, Wood, Ashland, Bayfield, Calumet, Clark, Florence, Forest, Green Lake, Iron, Jackson, Kenosha, Marquette, Polk, Price, Sawyer, Shawano. Most of the missing counties are claimed to be strong for Lenroot and republicans believe his final lead will be at least 15,000 votes.

Lenroot took the lead with the receipt of the first returns and was never headed, although both Davies and Berger showed surprising strength in some sections. Berger's showing in Marathon, Dane, La Crosse and other counties indicate that he captured considerable Thompson support there.

The soldier vote will not be as large as predicted, judging from dispatches from Camp Custer and Camp Grant. Of the more than 2,100 Wisconsin soldiers at Camp Custer eligible to vote, only 937 participated in the senatorial election. The total soldier vote at Camp Grant was 1,099, according to a dispatch from Rockford.

Among the surprises developed by early canvass was the fact that Berger carried Mayville, home of the late United States Senator Paul O. Huston.

Justice Marvin B. Rosenberry has been elected to the Supreme court over Charles H. Crownhart on the basis of scattering returns, which give Justice Rosenberry 38,467 votes as against 26,242 for Crownhart, a majority of 12,225.

Hoan, Socialist, Is Re-Elected.

Daniel W. Hoan, socialist, has been re-elected mayor of Milwaukee over Percy Braman, non-partisan candidate, by a majority estimated at 3,000 votes. 103 out of 146 precincts gave Hoan 27,227 and Braman 24,607. Braman has conceded the election of Hoan.

The indications are that Kotecki, Drew and Williams, non-partisan candidates for controller, treasurer and city attorney, respectively, have been re-elected over the socialists. The non-partisan candidates for aldermen at large were also in the lead.

Wet and Dry Elections.

Superior, Ashland and Beloit furnished the big surprises in the Tuesday wet and dry elections and were carried over into the dry column for the coming year. Fort Atkinson, Grand Rapids, Green Bay, Sturgeon Bay and Beaver Dam will be on the other side during the coming twelve months.

In Superior the dries won by fifty-eight votes, overturning the election of a year ago. Beloit made a change after twenty-six years of being wet and thirty-two saloons will have to close. Ashland will see the end of fifty-five saloons.

The dry forces in Madison claim a majority of 34 votes, but the wets do not concede defeat and claim a victory by 11 votes. Both sides will probably demand an official count.

Elect Minister; Keep Saloons.

Oshkosh—Rev. W. A. McHenry, Universalist pastor, has been elected mayor of the city of Oshkosh for a six-year term, defeating Peter L. Marand, cement contractor, 3,446 to 2,257. The city of Oshkosh decided to retain the licensed saloon, defeating the dry proposal of the city ministerial association by a plurality of more than 2 to 1, the figures being: Wets, 3,826; dries, 1,638.

Worth While Quotation.

"Some people seem to take up all the sorrows of the past; to them they add the burdens of the present; then they look ahead and anticipate a great many more trials than they will ever experience in the future."

Get a Magnet.

A magnet will attract a hook and eye which is liable to rust, while it rejects the non-liable ones. So a magnet is a handy tool for the sewing basket.

UNCLE SAM'S SCHOOL GARDEN ARMY



FOCH IS MADE CHIEF DELAY AIR PROGRAM

FRENCH GENERAL NOW GENERALISSIMO OF ALLIES.

United States Troops to Enter Fight, Pershing Notifies the War Department.

Washington, April 1.—The war department received the following cablegram on Friday night from General Pershing:

"Have made all our resources available and our divisions will be used if needed."

"French are in fine spirit and both armies seem confident."

"PERSHING."

The American forces in France are now part of the great allied army that is to meet the German thrust with a counter-attack.

The counter-attack may be under way already, for the allied armies are now under command of General Foch, who has been named generalissimo of all the allied forces.

It was Foch who directed the attack on the German left flank at the Marne that won the battle and saved Paris in 1914.

Washington got the news of the triumph of the Wilson plan of unified command when a message was given out at the White House conveying the president's congratulations to the generalissimo.

The cable to General Foch was as follows:

"May I not convey to you my sincere congratulations on your new authority? Such unity of command is a most hopeful augury of ultimate success. We are following with profound interest the bold and brilliant action of your forces."

"WOODROW WILSON."

NEW DRAFT BILL IS PASSED

Men Becoming of Age Since June 5 Will Register Under Selective Army Service Act.

Washington, April 1.—The resolution amending the selective draft act by requiring registration of youths reaching twenty-one years since June 5, 1917, and estimated to add 700,000 more men to the roll of eligibles, was adopted by the senate. It now goes to the house.

Senator New's amendment providing for compulsory universal military training of men between nineteen and twenty-one years, but deferring their military service until after majority, was rejected by the senate, 36 to 26.

As adopted, the resolution provides that all male citizens of the United States residing in this country, attaining their majority since June 5 last, shall be subject to registration under regulations prescribed by the president; shall present themselves for registration on a day proclaimed by the president, and thereafter shall be liable to military service.

75 KILLED IN PARIS BY SHELL

Long-Range Hun Gun Slays Women and Children During Good Friday Services.

Paris, April 1.—Seventy-five persons were killed and ninety wounded, most of them women and children, when a shell fired by a German long-range gun fell on a church in the region of Paris while Good Friday services were being held, according to an official communication issued here.

Among those killed was H. Stroehlin, counselor of the Swiss legation in Paris.

The same church was struck by a shell during the celebration of high-mass last Sunday and many casualties resulted.

The long-range bombardment was begun shortly after three o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Gen. Bartlett Reduced in Rank

Washington, April 3.—Army orders announced the removal of Major General Geo. T. Bartlett from that rank in the National Army and his reversion to his old rank of brigadier general in the regular army.

Alleged Slayer of 23 to Die

New York, April 3.—Alessandro Valero, owner of a Brooklyn coffee house and alleged leader of a gang of blackmailers and gunmen who, it is charged, committed 23 murders, was sentenced to die in the electric chair May 5.

FOES WORK IN THE CURTISS AIR-PLANE FACTORY.

Sensor Overman Urges Secretary of War to Commandeer the Plant.

Washington, March 30.—Stirred by charges in the senate of delays in the aircraft program, the senate military committee summoned on Thursday Major General Squier and Colonel Deeds of the signal corps, in charge of aircraft production, and Howard Coffin, chairman of the aircraft board, to appear immediately.

Charges that German spies were responsible for this country's failure to keep up its airplane program, were made in the senate by Senator Overman, Democrat, of North Carolina. He also charged that there were spies in the Curtiss plant.

"If I were secretary of war, I would commandeer the Curtiss plant and put out every man employed there and hire Americans in their places," declared Senator Overman.

Sensor Overman declared spies took number of corpses were found on the battle ground, and the prisoners, on being questioned, acknowledge the extent of their losses of their respective units.

"To conceal from the German people the heavy sacrifices that their offensive methods required, the Germans are sending most of their wounded to Belgium."

"It is not an exaggeration to estimate the total of their losses at between 275,000 and 300,000 men."

BIG STRIKE AT NAVY YARDS

Carpenters Quit Government Job in Hampton Roads District—Demand More Money.

Norfolk, Va., April 3.—Government war work in the Hampton Roads district was interrupted on Monday by a strike of several thousand carpenters and other workers. Plants involved are the Hampton Roads naval base, the army depot at Rush Bluff and the ordnance depot at Pig's Point, all near Norfolk, and the Langley aviation field at Hampton. The carpenters inaugurated the strike for an increase in pay and at some of the plants a sympathetic strike among metal workers, plumbers and engineers followed.

The strike started at the naval base, where leaders of the strikers claimed some 3,000 men were out.

U. S. MAY TAKE MEAT PLANTS

Drastic Action May Be Necessary to Supply Allies—Commission Appointed to Study Situation.

Washington, April 2.—Government operation of the big packing houses of the country became a strong probability on Monday.

Food Administrator Hoover announced the president has approved the appointment of a commission to study the entire meat problem, and that an immediate revolution in the meat conservation and distribution policy must be made. He added:

"This change may take the form of more definite and systematic direction of the larger packers, or even may mean operation of the packing house establishments by the government."

U. S. Buys 12 Jap Ships.

Washington, March 30.—Formal announcement on Thursday by the war trade board of the new shipping arrangement between the United States and Japan shows that Japan is to turn over to the American fleet immediately twelve big steamers of 100,000 tons dead weight capacity, in return for steel supplies. Negotiations are proceeding for the transfer of 200,000 tons of new construction on the same basis.

Boarding Steamer Sunk.

London, April 3.—The British armed boarding steamer Tithonus was torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine March 28, according to an official statement issued by the admiralty. One merchant officer was lost.

U. S. Closes Nebraska Mill.

Scraper, Neb., April 3.—The Montfort flour mill here was ordered closed for 30 days by the Nebraska food administrator for violation of the rules requiring the shipment of substitutes with each shipment of wheat flour.

Prince Emich Ernst Is Slain.

Amsterdam, April 3.—Prince Emich Ernst, elder son of Prince Emich of Lorraine, has been killed leading a storming company of a grenadier regiment. He was twenty-two years old and unmarried.

Officer Falls to Death.

Wichita Falls, Tex., April 3.—Second Lieut. Byron Jackson, Jr., of San Francisco was instantly killed at Call field when the machine in which he was flying fell 1,500 feet. A cinder was slightly injured.

British Take 3,000 Turks

Entire Ottoman Force in the Hit Area in Mesopotamia Captured or Destroyed.

London, March 30.—The entire Turkish force in the Hit area in Mesopotamia has been captured or destroyed by the British, the war office announced. Three thousand prisoners were taken. A further advance by the British forces, which have crossed the River Jordan, Palestine, is announced by the war office.

300,000 GERMANS FALL IN BATTLE

French Say That Kaiser Is Sending Wounded Soldiers to Belgium.

TRIES TO HIDE BIG LOSSES

Prussian Guard Suffered Heaviest Casualties—Huns Used 100 Divisions in Vain Attempt to Break Allies' Front.

Washington, April 3.—A French official estimate of the German losses in the great battle on the western front puts their total casualties at between 275,000 and 300,000 men. The Germans are sending most of their wounded to Belgium, it is declared, to conceal from the German people their heavy sacrifices.

It has been possible to identify, the dispatch says, nearly 100 German divisions, more than ten of which were twice engaged. Some of the divisions, it is declared, had to be relieved at the end of the first day after losing more than half their men.

The dispatch follows: "After an eleven-days' offensive, during which the Germans have recklessly pushed forward their attacking waves, one may gather a fairly accurate estimate of their losses."

"In the first place, it has been possible to identify nearly 100 of their divisions since the beginning of the offensive, and more than ten of which were twice engaged. Some divisions had to be relieved at the end of the first day, having lost more than half of the men; such was the case of the Forty-fifth and the Eighty-eighth. The latter was nearly wiped out."

"Among those that have suffered the most are the Fifth, Twelfth, Twenty-eighth and One Hundred Seventh divisions, as well as the Second (Prussian guard), the Sixteenth, the Twenty-first and Twenty-sixth divisions of reserves."

"In the second place, an enormous number of corpses were found on the battle ground, and the prisoners, on being questioned, acknowledge the extent of their losses of their respective units."

"To conceal from the German people the heavy sacrifices that their offensive methods required, the Germans are sending most of their wounded to Belgium."

"It is not an exaggeration to estimate the total of their losses at between 275,000 and 300,000 men."

QUEBEC RIOTERS ARE SLAIN

Soldiers Clash With Anti-Draft Crowds—Four Civilians Killed—100 Arrests Made.

Quebec, April 3.—A battle with general shooting occurred in the streets of Quebec on Monday night. Soldiers and anti-draft rioters fired at one another as a result of an attempt on the part of the military to suppress disorders which broke out against the military service act again. Four civilians were killed and four others wounded in the fighting. One hundred men charged with rioting were arrested. The troops began shooting into the mob after a number of them had been manhandled by the rough element. The malcontents immediately retreated the fire. A squadron of cavalry, sent by General Lessard, inspector general of Canada, who had taken the administration of the city under military jurisdiction, charged the crowd with drawn swords. Infuriated, the factionists assailed soldiers, who were forced to use their rifles.

WHEAT AMENDMENTS TO AGRICULTURAL BILL DISAGREED TO AND IT IS SENT BACK TO CONFERENCE.

Washington, April 3.—Senate amendments to the agricultural appropriation bill, including the provision for increasing the government wheat price guaranty to \$2.50, were disagreed to by the house on Monday and the measure went to conference.

Two Greek Officers to Die.

Athens, April 2.—The two Greek officers who were arrested recently after being landed on the west coast of the Peloponnese by a German submarine have been tried and sentenced to death by a court-martial.

DUTCH CALL U. S. ACT UNFRIENDLY

Seizure of Ships "Indefensible and Unjustifiable," Says Statement.

TERMED AN ACT OF VIOLENCE

Holland Declares That President Wilson Misstated Facts in Note—Denies Huns Intended to Sink Vessels.

The Hague, April 2.—The seizure of the Dutch merchantmen in American ports is characterized by the Dutch government, in a statement in the Official Gazette, as an act of violence which it will oppose with all the energy of its conviction and its wounded national feeling.

The government takes issue with the proclamation of President Wilson regarding the decision of the United States, saying it contains assertions which are contrary to the facts.

The statement says the Dutch nation "with painful surprise" has taken notice of President Wilson's proclamation and that the seizure of a neutral merchant fleet is unjustifiable.

"With painful surprise the government and whole Dutch nation has taken notice of the presidential proclamation and the statement of March 20 relative to the seizure of part of the Dutch merchant fleet," the statement begins.

"The seizure en bloc of a neutral merchant fleet, if only for the duration of the war, is an act indefensible from the viewpoint of international law and unjustifiable toward a friendly nation, apart from considerations of legality."

"But the manner, also, in which the presidential statement defends this act of violence does not contribute toward lessening the sting thereof, for this defense has plainly been drawn up under the influence of a completely incorrect representation of affairs."

"The manner in which the Dutch merchant fleet has been treated in past months in the United States, the incessant difficulties placed in the way of our sailings from American ports, repeated refusals of bunkering facilities and forced unloading of cargoes already bought—all this may be within the rights of the United States (save one case, that of the Zealandia, which with her own bunker coal entered an American port and has been unlawfully detained there since)."

"It surely was against the traditional friendship between the two countries, although on this point the presidential statement keeps silence."

"According to President Wilson's proclamation," the statement continues, "the Netherlands, owing entirely to German pressure, failed to observe the preliminary arrangement which was proposed for the purpose of leaving no longer idle the Dutch tonnage in American ports and furnishing an opportunity for making voyages within a period of 90 days, pending a definite agreement on Dutch tonnage and rationing. This is distinctly incorrect."

"The manner in which the Dutch merchant fleet has been treated in past months in the United States, the incessant difficulties placed in the way of our sailings from American ports, repeated refusals of bunkering facilities and forced unloading of cargoes already bought—all this may be within the rights of the United States (save one case, that of the Zealandia, which with her own bunker coal entered an American port and has been unlawfully detained there since)."

"It surely was against the traditional friendship between the two countries, although on this point the presidential statement keeps silence."

"According to President Wilson's proclamation," the statement continues, "the Netherlands, owing entirely to German pressure, failed to observe the preliminary arrangement which was proposed for the purpose of leaving no longer idle the Dutch tonnage in American ports and furnishing an opportunity for making voyages within a period of 90 days, pending a definite agreement on Dutch tonnage and rationing. This is distinctly incorrect."

OUR ADVERTISING COLUMNS

are read by the people because it gives them news of absorbing interest. People no longer go looking about for things they want—they go to their newspaper for information as to where such things may be found. This method saves time and trouble. If you want to bring your wares to the attention of this community, our advertising columns

Should Contain Your Ad

of being a subscriber to this paper is that you and your family become attached to it. The paper becomes a member of the family and its coming each week will be as welcome as the arrival of anyone that's dear. It will keep you informed on the doings of the community and the bargains of the merchants regularly advertised will enable you to save many times the cost of the subscription.

The Sum and Substance

of being a subscriber to this paper is that you and your family become attached to it. The paper becomes a member of the family and its coming each week will be as welcome as the arrival of anyone that's dear. It will keep you informed on the doings of the community and the bargains of the merchants regularly advertised will enable you to save many times the cost of the subscription.

Sale Bills PRINTED

If you intend to have a sale get our prices

We are fixed for turning out work of this kind in double-quick time.

ERLER & WEISS, DESIGNERS OF AND DEALERS IN MARBLE & GRANITE MONUMENTS. Cement, Stone, Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Fire Lining, Sewer Pipe, etc. Copying, Lining and Hauling Material of All Kinds. BUILDERS OF STONE AND CEMENT SIDEWALKS. West Bend, Wisconsin

F. J. Lambeck, M. D. EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT GLASSES FITTED. Office Hours: 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.; 2 to 8 p.m. Sundays 10 a.m. to 12 m. Telephone 9 2730. ROOM 334-335, MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS BANK BLDG. 10 WEST WATER ST. Milwaukee, Wis.

G. KONITZ SHOE STORE. All kinds of Shoes for Men, Ladies and Children always carried in stock. REPAIRING A SPECIALTY. Kewaskum, Wisconsin

MRS. K. ENDLICH Carpet Weaver. Kewaskum, Wis.

OUR ADVERTISING COLUMNS. are read by the people because it gives them news of absorbing interest. People no longer go looking about for things they want—they go to their newspaper for information as to where such things may be found. This method saves time and trouble. If you want to bring your wares to the attention of this community, our advertising columns

The Sum and Substance. of being a subscriber to this paper is that you and your family become attached to it. The paper becomes a member of the family and its coming each week will be as welcome as the arrival of anyone that's dear. It will keep you informed on the doings of the community and the bargains of the merchants regularly advertised will enable you to save many times the cost of the subscription.

Sale Bills PRINTED. If you intend to have a sale get our prices. We are fixed for turning out work of this kind in double-quick time.

The Yukon Trail

By WILLIAM MACLEOD RAINE

An Alaskan Love Story

Copyright, William Macleod Raine.

CHAPTER XXI—Continued.

While they ate, the party went into committee of the whole to decide what was best to be done. Gordon noticed that in all the tentative suggestions made by Holt and Swiftwater the comfort of Sheba was the first thing in mind.

The girl, too, noticed it and smilingly protested, her soft hand lying for the moment on the gaunt one of the old miner.

"It doesn't matter about me. We have to think of what will be best for Mr. Holt, of how to get him to the proper care. My comfort can wait."

The plan at last decided upon was that Gordon should make a dash for Smith's Crossing on snowshoes, where he was to arrange for a relief party to come out for the injured man and Mrs. Olson. He was to return at once without waiting for the rescuers. Next morning he and Sheba would start with Holt's dog team for Kuskiak.

Macdonald had taught Sheba how to use snowshoes and she had been an apt pupil. From her suitcase she got out her moccasins and put them on. She borrowed the snowshoes of Holt, wrapped herself in her parka, and announced that she was going with Elliot part of the way.

Gordon thought her movements a miracle of suppleness. Her lines had the swelling roundness of vital youth, her eyes were alive with the eagerness that time dulls in most faces. They spoke little as they swept forward over the white snow wastes. The spell of the great North was over her. His mystery was stirring in her heart, just as it had been when her lips had turned to his at the sunrise. As for him, love ran through his veins like old wine. But he allowed his feelings no expression. For though she had come to him of her own accord for that one blessed minute at dawn, he could not be sure what had moved her so deeply. She was treading a world primeval, the wonder of it still in her soft eyes. Would she waken to love or to disillusion?

He took care to see that she did not tire. Presently he stopped and held out his hand to say good-by.

"Will you come back this way?" she asked.

"Yes. I ought to get here soon after dark. Will you meet me?"

She gave him a quick, shy little nod, turned without shaking hands, and struck out for the cabin. All through the day happiness flooded her heart. While she waited on Holt or helped Mrs. Olson cook or watched Swiftwater while he put up the tent in the lee of the cabin, little snatches of song bubbled from her lips. Sometimes they were bits of old Irish ballads that popped into her mind. Once, when she was preparing some coffee for her patient, it was a stanza from Burns:

*Till a' the seas gang dry, my dear,
And the rocks melt wi' the sun;
I will love thee still, my dear,
While the sands o' life shall run.*

She caught old Gideon looking at her with a queer little smile on his weather-tanned face and she felt the color heat into her cheeks.

"I haven't bought a wedding present for twenty years," he told her presently, apropos of nothing that had been said. "I won't know what's the proper thing to get, Miss Sheba."

"If you talk nonsense like that I'll go out and talk to Mr. Swiftwater Pete," she threatened, blushing.

Old Gid folded his hands meekly. "I'll be good—honest I will. Let's see. I got to make safe and sane conversation, have I? Him? Wonder when that lazy, long-legged, good-for-nothing horse thief and holdup that calls himself Gordon Elliot will get back to camp."

Sheba looked into his twinkling eyes suspiciously as she handed him his coffee. For a moment she bit her lip to keep back a smile, then said with mock severity:

"Now, I am going to leave you to Mrs. Olson."

When sunset came it found Sheba on the trail. Swiftwater Pete had offered to go with her, but she had been relieved of his well-meant kindness by the demand of Holt.

"No, you don't, Pete. You ain't a-goin' off gallivantin' with no young lady. You're a-goin' to stay here and fix my game leg for me. What do you reckon Miss Sheba wants with a fat, top-sided lumox like you along with her?"

Pete grew purple with embarrassment. He had not intended anything more than civility and he wanted this understood.

"Hmp! Ain't you got no sense a-tall, Gid? If Miss Sheba's bent on goin' to meet Elliot, I allowed some one ought to go along and keep the dark often her. 'Course there ain't nothin' going to harm her, unless she goes and gets lost."

Sheba's smile cooled the heat of the stage driver. "Which she isn't going to do. Good of you to offer to go with me. Don't mind Mr. Holt. Everybody knows he doesn't mean half of what he says. I'd be glad to have you come with me, but it isn't necessary at all. So I'll not trouble you."

Darkness fell quickly, but Sheba still held to the trail. There was no sign

of Elliot, but she felt sure he would come soon. Meanwhile she followed steadily the tracks he had made earlier in the day.

She stopped at last. It was getting much colder. She was miles from the camp. Reluctantly she decided to return. Then, out of the darkness, he came abruptly upon her, the man whom she had come out to meet.

Under the magic of the Northern stars they found themselves again in each other's arms for that brief moment of joyful surprise. Then, as it had been in the morning, Sheba drew herself shyly away.

"They are waiting supper for us," she told him irrelevantly.

He did not shout out his happiness and tell her to let them wait. For Gordon, too, felt awed at this wonderful adventure of love that had befallen them. It was enough for him that they were moving side by side, alone in the deep snows and the biting cold, that waves of emotion crashed through his pulses when his swinging hand touched hers.

They were acutely conscious of each other. Excitement burned in the eyes that turned to swift, reluctant meetings. She was a woman, and he was her lover. Neither of them dared quite accept the fact yet, but it filled the background of all their thoughts with delight.

Sheba did not want to talk of this new, amazing thing that had come into her life. It was too sacred a subject to discuss just yet even with him. So she began to tell him odd fancies from childhood that lingered in her Celtic heart, tales of the "little folk" that were half memories and half imaginings, stirred to life by some old association of sky and stars. She laughed softly at herself as she told them, but Gordon did not laugh at her.

Everything she did was for him divinely done. Even when his eyes dwelt on the dark trail ahead he saw only the dusky loveliness of curved cheek, the face luminous with a radiance some women are never privileged to know, the rhythm of head and body and slender legs that was part of her individual heaven-sent charm.

The rest finished supper before Gordon and Sheba reached camp, but Mrs. Olson had a hot meal waiting for them.

"I fixed up the tent for the women folks—stove, sleeping bags, plenty of wood. Touch a match to the fire and it'll be snug as a bug in a rug," explained Swiftwater to Gordon.

Elliot and Sheba were to start early for Kuskiak and later the rescue party would arrive to take care of Holt and Mrs. Olson.

"Time to turn in," Holt advised. "You better light that stove, Elliot."

The young man was still in the tent arranging the sleeping bags when Sheba entered. He tried to walk out without touching her, intending to call back his good-night. But he could not do it. There was something flame about her tonight that went to his head. Her tender, tremulous little smile and the turn of her buoyant little head stirred in him a lover's rhapsody.

"It's to be a long trail we cover tomorrow, Sheba. You must sleep, good night."

"Good night—Gordon."

There was a little flush of audacity in the whimsical twist of her mouth. It was the first time she had ever called him by his given name.

Elliot threw away prudence and caught her by the hands.

"My dear—my dear!" he cried. She trembled to his kiss, gave herself to his embrace with innocent passion. Tendrils of hair, fine as silk, brushed his cheeks and sent strange thrills through him.

They talked the incoherent language of lovers that is compounded of murmurs and silences and the touch of lips and the meetings of eyes. There were to be other nights in their lives as rich in memories as this, but never another with quite the same delight.

Presently Sheba reminded him with a smile of the long trail he had mentioned. Mrs. Olson bustled into the tent, and her presence stressed the point.

"Good night, neighbors," Gordon called back from outside the tent.

Sheba's "Good night" echoed softly back to him.

The girl fell asleep to the sound of the light breeze slapping the tent and to the doleful howling of the huskies.

CHAPTER XXII.

A Message From the Dead.

Macdonald drove his team into the teeth of the storm. The wind came in gusts. Sometimes the tale was so stiff that the dogs could scarcely crawl forward against it; again there were moments of comparative stillness, followed by squalls that slapped the driver in the face like the whipping of a loose sail on a catboat.

High drifts made the trail difficult. Not once but fifty times Macdonald left the gee-pole to break a way through snow-waves for the sled. The best he could get out of his dogs was three miles an hour, and he knew that there was not another team or driver in the North could have done so well.

It was close to noon when he reached a division of the road known as the Fork. One trail ran down to the river

and up it to the distant creeks. The other led across the divide, struck the Yukon, and pointed a way to the coast. White drifts had long since blotted out the track of the sled that had preceded him. Had the fugitives gone up the river to the creeks with intent to hole themselves up for the winter? Or was it their purpose to cross the divide and go out over the ice to the coast?

The pursuer knew that Gid Holt was wise as a weasel. He could follow blindfolded the paths that led to every creek in the gold-fields. It might be taken as a certainty that he had not plunged into such a desperate venture without having a plan well worked out beforehand. Elliot had a high grade of intelligence. Would they try to reach the coast and make their getaway to Seattle? Or would they dig themselves in till the heavy snows were past and come back to civilization with the story of a lucky strike to account for the gold they brought with them? Neither gold dust nor nuggets could be identified. There would be no way of proving the story false. The only evidence against them would be that they had left at Kuskiak and this was merely of a corroborative kind. There would be no chance of convicting them upon it.

To strike for Seattle was to throw away all pretense of innocence. Fugitives from justice, they would have to disappear from sight in order to escape. The hunt for them would continue until at last they were unearthed.

One fork of the road led to comparative safety; the other went by devious windings to the penitentiary and perhaps the gallows. The Scotsman put himself in the place of the men he was trailing. Given the same conditions, he knew which path he would follow.

Macdonald took the trail that led down to the river, to the distant gold creeks which offered a refuge from man-hunters in many a deserted cabin marooned by the deep snows.

Even the iron frame and steel muscles of the Scotch-Canadian protested against the task he had set them that day. It was a time to sit snugly inside by a stove and listen to the howling of the wind as it hurled itself down from the divide. But from daylight till dark Colby Macdonald fought with drifts and breasted the storm. He got into the harness with the dogs. He broke trail for them, cheered them, soothed, comforted, punished. Long after night had fallen he staggered into the hut of two prospectors, his parka so stiff with frozen snow that it had to be beaten with a hammer before the coat could be removed.

"How long since a dog team passed—seven huskies and two men?" was his first question.

"No dog team has passed for four days," one of the men answered.

"You mean you haven't seen one," Macdonald corrected.

"I mean none has passed—unless it went by in the night while we slept. And even then our dogs would have warned us."

Macdonald flung his ice-coated gloves to a table and stooped to take off his mukluks. His face was blue with the cold, but the black look in the eyes

was still the same. His plan had been to reach Kuskiak at the end of a long day's travel, but that had meant getting on the trail with the first gleam of light. When he opened his eyes Mrs. Olson was calling him to rise.

He dressed and stepped out into the cold, crisp morning. From the hill crotch the sun was already pouring down a great, fanlike shaft of light across the snow vista. Swiftwater Pete passed behind him on his way to the stable and called a cheerful good morning in his direction.

Mrs. Olson had put the stove outside the tent and Gordon lifted it to the spot where they did the cooking.

"Good morning, neighbor," he called to Sheba. "Sleep well?"

The little rustling sounds within the tent ceased. A face appeared in the doorway, the flaps drawn discreetly close beneath the chin.

"Never better. Is my breakfast ready yet?"

"Come and help me make it. Mrs. Olson is waiting on Holt."

"When I'm dressed." The smiling face disappeared. "Dublin Hag" sounded in her fresh young voice from the tent. Gordon joined in the song as he lit the fire and sliced bacon from a frozen slab of it.

The howling of the huskies interrupted the song. They had evidently heard something that excited them. Gordon listened. Was it in his fancy only that the breeze carried to him the faint jingle of sleigh-bells? The sound, if it was one, died away. The cook turned to his job.

He stopped sawing at the meat, knife and bacon both suspended in the air. On the hard snow there had come to him the crunch of a foot behind him. Whose? Sheba was in the tent, Swiftwater at the stable, Mrs. Olson in the house. Slowly he turned his head.

What Elliot saw sent the starch through his body. He did not move an inch, still sat crouched by the fire, but every nerve was at tension, every muscle taut. For he was looking at a life lying negligently in brown, steady hands. They were very sure hands, very competent ones. He knew that because he had seen them in action.

"Six o'clock, Mr. Macdonald. Your breakfast is ready. Jim is looking out for the huskies."

Half an hour later the Scotsman gave the order, "Mush!" He was off again, this time on the back trail as far as the Narrows, from which point he meant to strike across to intersect the fork of the road leading to the divide.

The storm had passed and when the late sun rose it was in a blue sky. Fine enough the day was overhazy, but the slushy snow, where it was worn thin on the river by the sweep of the wind, made heavy travel for the dogs. Macdonald was glad enough to reach the Narrows, where he could turn from the river and cut across to hit the trail of the men he was following. He had about five miles to go before he would reach the Smith Crossing road and every foot of it he would have to break trail for the dogs. This was slow business, since he had no partner at the gee-pole. Back and forth, back and forth he trudged, beating down the loose snow for the runners. It was a hill trail, and the drifts were in most places not very deep. But the Scotsman was doing the work of two, and at a killing pace.

Over a ridge the team plunged down into a little park where the snow was deeper. Macdonald, breaking trail across the mountain valley, found his feet weighed with packed ice slush so that he could hardly move them. When at last he had beaten down a path for his dogs he stood breathing deep at the summit of the slope. Before them lay the main road to Smith's Crossing, scarce fifty yards away. He gave a deep whoop of triumph, for along it ran the wavering tracks left by a sled. He was on the heels of his enemy at last.

As he turned back to his Siberian hounds, the eyes of Macdonald came to abrupt attention. On the hillside, not ten yards from him, something stuck out of the snow like a signpost. It was the foot of a man.

Slowly Macdonald moved toward it. He knew well enough what he had stumbled across—one of the tragedies that in the North are likely to be found in the wake of every widespread blizzard. Some unfortunate traveler, blinded by the white swirl, had wandered from the trail and had staggered up a draw to his death.

With a little digging the Alaskan uncovered a leg. The man had died where he had fallen, face down. Macdonald scooped away the snow and found a pack strapped to the back of the buried man. He cut the thongs and tried to ease it away. But the gunnysack had frozen to the parka. When he pulled, the rotten sacking gave way under the strain. The contents of the pack spilled out.

The eyes in the grim face of Macdonald grew hard and steely. He had found, by some strange freak of chance, much more than he had expected to find. Using his snowshoes as a shovel, he dug the body free and turned it over. At sight of the face he gave a cry of astonishment.

Gordon overslept. His plan had been to reach Kuskiak at the end of a long day's travel, but that had meant getting on the trail with the first gleam of light. When he opened his eyes Mrs. Olson was calling him to rise.

He dressed and stepped out into the cold, crisp morning. From the hill crotch the sun was already pouring down a great, fanlike shaft of light across the snow vista. Swiftwater Pete passed behind him on his way to the stable and called a cheerful good morning in his direction.

Mrs. Olson had put the stove outside the tent and Gordon lifted it to the spot where they did the cooking.

"Good morning, neighbor," he called to Sheba. "Sleep well?"

The little rustling sounds within the tent ceased. A face appeared in the doorway, the flaps drawn discreetly close beneath the chin.

"Never better. Is my breakfast ready yet?"

"Come and help me make it. Mrs. Olson is waiting on Holt."

"When I'm dressed." The smiling face disappeared. "Dublin Hag" sounded in her fresh young voice from the tent. Gordon joined in the song as he lit the fire and sliced bacon from a frozen slab of it.

The howling of the huskies interrupted the song. They had evidently heard something that excited them. Gordon listened. Was it in his fancy only that the breeze carried to him the faint jingle of sleigh-bells? The sound, if it was one, died away. The cook turned to his job.

He stopped sawing at the meat, knife and bacon both suspended in the air. On the hard snow there had come to him the crunch of a foot behind him. Whose? Sheba was in the tent, Swiftwater at the stable, Mrs. Olson in the house. Slowly he turned his head.

What Elliot saw sent the starch through his body. He did not move an inch, still sat crouched by the fire, but every nerve was at tension, every muscle taut. For he was looking at a life lying negligently in brown, steady hands. They were very sure hands, very competent ones. He knew that because he had seen them in action.

The owner of the hands was Colby Macdonald.

The Scotch-Canadian stood at the edge of a willow grove. His face was grim as the day of judgment.

"Don't move," he ordered.

Elliot laughed irritably. He was both annoyed and disgusted.

"What do you want?" he snapped.

"You."

"What's worrying you now? Do you think I'm jumping my bond?"

"You're going back to Kuskiak with me—to give a life for the one you took."

"What's that?" cried Gordon, surprised.

"Just as I'm telling you. I've been on your heels ever since you left town. You and Holt are going back with me as my prisoners."

"But what for?"

"For robbing the bank and killing Robert Milton, as you know well enough."

"Is this another plan arranged for me by you and Selfridge?" demanded Elliot.

Macdonald ignored the question and lifted his voice. "Come out of that tent. Holt—come with your hands up unless you want your head blown off."

"Holt isn't in that tent, you idiot. If you want to know—"

"Come now, if you expect to come alive, cut in the Scotsman ominously. He raised the rifle to his shoulder and covered the shadow thrown by the sun on the figure within.

Gordon flung out a wild protest and threw the frozen slab of bacon at the head of Macdonald. With the same motion he launched his own body across the stove. A fifth of a second earlier the tent flap had opened and Sheba had come out.

The sight of her paralyzed Macdonald and saved her lover's life. It distracted the mine-owner long enough for him to miss his chance. A bullet struck the stove and went off at a tangent through the tent canvas not two feet from where Sheba stood. A second went speeding toward the sun.

For Gordon had followed the football player's instinct and dived for the knees of his enemy.

They went down together. Each squirming for the upper place, they rolled over and over. The rifle was forgotten. Like cave men they fought, crushing and twisting each other's muscles with the blind lust of primordial to kill. As they clinched with one arm, they struck savagely with the other. The impact of smashing blows on naked flesh sounded horribly cruel to Sheba.

She ran forward, calling on each by name to stop. Probably neither knew she was there. Their whole attention was focused on each other. Not for an instant did their eyes wander, for life and death hung on the issue. Chance had lit the spark of their resentment, but long-banked passions were blazing fiercely now.

They got to their feet and fought toe to toe. Sledge-hammer blows beat upon bleeding and disfigured faces. No thought of defense as yet was in the mind of either. The purpose of each was to bruise, maim, make helpless the other. But for the impatient little cries of Sheba no sound broke the stillness save the crunch of their feet on the hard snow, the thud of heavy fists on flesh, and the throaty snarl of their deep, irregular breathing.

Gid Holt, from the window of the cabin, watched the battle with shining eyes. He exulted in every blow of Gordon; he suffered with him when the smashing rights and lefts of Macdonald got home. He shouted jeers, advice, threats, encouragement. If he had had ten thousand dollars wagered on the outcome he could not have been more excited.

Swiftwater Pete, drawn by the cries of Sheba, came running from the stable. As he passed the window, Holt caught him by the arm.

"What are you aimin' to do, Pete? Let 'em alone. Let 'em go to it. They got to have it out. Stop 'em now and they'll get it with guns."

Sheba ran up, wringing her hands. "Stop them, please. They're killing each other."

"Nothing of the kind, girl. You let 'em alone, Pete. The kid's there every minute, ain't he? Gee, that's a good one, boy. Seven—eleven—ninety-two. 'Attaboy!'"

Macdonald had slipped on the snow and gone down to his hands and knees. Swift as a wildcat the younger man was on top of him. Hampered though he was by his parka, the Scotsman struggled slowly to his feet again. He was much the heavier man, and in spite of his years the stronger. The muscles stood out in knots on his shoulders and across his back, whereas on the body of his more slender opponent they flowed and rippled in rounded symmetry. Active as a heather cat, Elliot was far the quicker of the two.

Half-blinded by the hammering he had received, Gordon changed his method of fighting. He broke away from the clinch and sidestepped the bull-like rush of his foe, covering up as well as he could from the onset. Macdonald pressed the attack and was beaten back by hard, straight lefts and rights to the unprotected face.

The mine-owner shook the matted hair from his swollen eyes and rushed again. He caught an uppercut flush on the end of the chin. It did not even stop him. The weight of his body was in the blow he lashed up from his side.

The knees of Elliot doubled up under him like the blade of a jack-knife. He sank down slowly, turned, got to his hands and knees, and tried to shake off the tons of weight that seemed to be holding him down.

Macdonald seized him about the waist and flung him to the ground. Upon the inert body the victor dropped, his knees clinching the torso of the unconscious man.

"Now, Pete. Go to him!" urged Holt wildly.

But before Swiftwater could move, before the great fist of Macdonald could smash down upon the bleeding face upturned to his, a sharp blow struck the flesh of the raised forearm and for the moment stunned the muscles. The Scotch-Canadian lifted a countenance drunk with rage, passion-tossed.

Slowly the light of reason came back into his eyes. Sheba was standing before him, his rifle in her hand. She had struck him with the butt of it.

"Don't touch him! Don't you dare touch him!" she challenged.

He looked at her long, then let his eyes fall to the battered face of his enemy. Drunkenly he got to his feet and leaped against a willow. His



Like Cave Men They Fought.

forces were spent, his muscles weighted as with lead. But it was not this alone that made his breath come short and raggedly.

Sheba had flung herself down beside her lover. She had caught him tightly in her arms so that his disfigured face lay against her warm bosom. In the eyes lifted to those of the mine-owner was an unconquerable defiance.

"He's mine—mine, you murderer," she panted fiercely. "If you kill him, you must kill me first."

The man she had once promised to marry was looking at a different woman from the girl he had known. The soft, shy youth of her was gone. She was a forest mother of the wilds ready to fight for her young, a wife ready to go to the stake for the husband of her choice. An emotion primitive and poignant had transformed her.

His eyes burned at her the question his parched lips and throat could scarcely utter. "So you . . . love him?"

But though it was in form a question he knew already the answer. For the first time in his life he began to taste the bitterness of defeat. Always he had won what he coveted by brutal force or his stark will. But it was beyond him to compel the love of a girl who had given her heart to another.

"Yes," she answered.

Her hair in two thick braids was flung across her shoulders, her dark head thrown back proudly from the rounded throat.

Macdonald smiled, but there was no mirth in his savage eyes. "Do you know what I want with him—why I have come to get him?"

"No."

"I've come to take him back to Kuskiak to be hanged because he murdered Milton, the bank cashier."

"The eyes of the woman blazed at him. 'Are you mad?'"

"It's the truth," Macdonald's voice was curt and harsh. "He and Holt were robbing the bank when Milton came back from the dance at the club. The cowards shot down the old man like a dog. They'll hang for it if it costs me my last penny, so help me God."

"You say it's the truth," she retorted scornfully. "Do you think I don't know you now—how you twist and distort facts to suit your ends? How long is it since your jackal had him arrested for assaulting you—when Wally Selfridge knew—and you knew—that he had risked his life for you and had saved yours by bringing you to Diane's after he had bandaged your wounds?"

"That was different. It was part of the game of politics we were playing."

"You admit that you and your friends led them. Is it like you could persuade me that you're telling the truth now?"

The big Alaskan shrugged. "Believe it or not as you like. Anyhow, he's going back with me to Kuskiak—and Holt, too, if he's here."

An excited cackle cut into the conversation, followed by a drawing announcement from the window. "Your old tittlecum is right here, Mac. What's the use of waiting? Why don't you have your hanging-bee now?"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

When the Lion Divides.

The capitalist would have you believe that civilization rests on the accumulation of pounds, shillings and pence—pounds for the capitalist, shillings for the middlemen, and pence for the workers.—Sydney Australian Worker.

Always Look Happy.

Why do photographs of woman airplane pilots always show them competing for the record in the standing broad grin? —Pittsburgh Gazette-Times.

MARKETS

Mil

HELP YOUR COUNTRY TO HELP YOU. INVEST IN LIBERTY BONDS

POULL'S FOR APRIL BARGAINS.

We have taken the agency for

Henderson Girl's Corsets

Made for growing girls, in various styles. Your daughter should wear a corset that is designed for her needs and the careful mother realizes the importance of selecting the proper corsets. You are invited to call and see the latest models, even though you do not need a corset at this time. Made in pink and white materials. Popular prices \$1.00 and \$1.50.

Men's all leather work shoes, in black and tan. Every one all solid, all sizes. Regular \$4.50 value. Special sale price \$3.49

One piece khaki combination auto suits. Put them on over your good clothes. Carry a pair in your auto, \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$4.50 a suit.

Women's fancy knit sweaters with angora wool collars and cuffs. Special values at \$6.50.

Arabian Auto Tires and Tubes

Tires sold on 5000 mile guarantee. These tubes are extra heavy and will stand the strain. Come in and see them.

The Poull Mercantile Co. West Bend Wisconsin

Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

Try oat flour as a wheat substitute. It is different and better than any of the others, a lb. .8c
4 lbs. Lavo cleaner for .15c
Large 25c package Snow Boy washing powder .19c

Red, white and yellow onion sets. Buy them here. Clean stock.

4 lb. sack self-raising buckwheat and wheat flour, per sack .34c

Armour's oats, large package, strictly fresh, at .25c

National Calf Food. This is not a meal, but a food for calves. Sell your milk and use "No Milk Calf Food."

25 lb. sack . \$1.50
100 lb. sack . \$5.50

BUY SEED CORN NOW

We have some varieties on hand but don't know how long the stock will last. Golden Glow or No. 12, red cob fodder corn, early 8 row flint, timothy, red clover, alsyke and alfalfa seed.

Barnard's and Ferry's tested garden seeds.

WAYNE

Arthur Martin spent Monday at West Bend on business.

Some of our young folks attended the Easter dance at Kewaskum.

Fred Borchert spent Wednesday afternoon with friends at Knowles.

Jacob Hawig and family spent Easter with relatives at St. Anthony.

John Werner and Frank Wietor spent Sunday afternoon at West Bend.

Wm. Forster last week sold his demonstrating car to Ed. Terlinden.

Nora Petri and Art. F. Martin were Kewaskum callers Tuesday evening.

Louis Moll and family from Cascade spent Sunday with Mrs. William Abel.

Miss Sylvia Turke of Jackson spent Sunday and Monday with Wm. Turke and family.

Miss Hangartner of Campbellsport spent Sunday with Mrs. John Petri and family.

Wm. Erler of West Bend erected a tomb stone for the late Wm. Abel here this week.

Carl Westerman of Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill., was a caller here Saturday afternoon.

Mr. Josi of Milwaukee spent Easter here with the Chas. and William Strubing families.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Schmidt Jr., of Milwaukee spent Easter with the H. Schmidt Sr., family.

Dr. Wm. Hausmann and family of Waukegan spent Monday with the George Petri family.

Wm. Kippenhan and Herman Polzean spent Sunday with relatives and friends at Schleisingerville.

Henry Schmidt and daughters and Mrs. Fred Borchert spent Monday at Knowles with relatives and friends.

Math. Werner, who is a member of the navy spent Sunday and Monday with John Werner and friends here.

Peter Heisler, Arno Brodzeller and Mr. Hausinger of Knowles called on the Fred Borchert family and other relatives and friends last Friday.

Geo. Martin and family, Wm. Martin and wife and Mrs. Jos. Huber of West Bend and John H. Martin and family of Kewaskum spent Easter with their folks here.

Oscar Martin, son of Ph. Martin and Wm. Dermody, son of Pat. Dermody were called for military service Wednesday. We were unable to learn to what camp they are going. We wish the boys good luck.

A merry crowd of children gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Boegel last Sunday, the occasion being Miss Lorraine's birthday anniversary, the children enjoyed themselves playing games and eating sweets which were gifts from the Easter Rabbit. Those present were Misses Lenora Klein, Margaret Hawig, Lucy Wietor and the Messrs. Alois Wietor, Wilmer Hawig, Ferney and Melvin Klein.

MIDDLETOWN

Willie Schultz spent Friday at Dotyville.

Willie Rahn was a caller at H. Bartel's Sunday.

Evelyn Schultz spent Sunday with her sister at Round Lake.

Miss Evelyn Schultz spent Sunday evening with Elsie Bartel.

Karl Bartel of Mitchell spent a few days with his brother here.

William Welitz purchased a car from Jake Kleinhaus this week.

H. C. Dunn and Ransom Tuttle were at W. Bartel's Friday evening.

Miss Doris Bixby of Campbellsport is spending a week with her sister here.

Evelyn Schultz and Elsie Bartel visited Friday with the latter's sister at South Eden.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Rahn of Campbellsport are spending a few days at H. Bartel's.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wachs and daughter Marcella visited Thursday evening at Wm. Schultz's.

A large number from here attended the auction which was held on the J. B. Day farm Tuesday.

Misses Inez Loomis and Adela Reese and Lynn Hill and Billie Campbell were callers here Thursday evening.

Mrs. W. Bartel and daughter Irene and Viola Bartel spent Thursday with the latter's sister at Forest Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Burnett, Mr. and Mrs. Dunn and Mr. and Mrs. W. Bartel were at Campbellsport Saturday evening.

Elsie Bartel, Evelyn Schultz and W. Baumhardt spent Sunday evening with Inez and Harley Loomis at Campbellsport.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schultz and sons Oscar and Arthur spent Saturday evening with Mr. and Mrs. William Marquardt at Cascade.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Buslaff and Buslaff sisters were entertained at an ice cream social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. Burnett and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Hornburg and Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Bartel and family and Cordell Bartel were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. Bartel Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Burnett, Mr. and Mrs. Dunn and Mr. and Mrs. W. Bartel were at Campbellsport Saturday evening.

Elsie Bartel, Evelyn Schultz and W. Baumhardt spent Sunday evening with Inez and Harley Loomis at Campbellsport.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schultz and sons Oscar and Arthur spent Saturday evening with Mr. and Mrs. William Marquardt at Cascade.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Buslaff and Buslaff sisters were entertained at an ice cream social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. Burnett and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Hornburg and Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Bartel and family and Cordell Bartel were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. Bartel Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Burnett, Mr. and Mrs. Dunn and Mr. and Mrs. W. Bartel were at Campbellsport Saturday evening.

Elsie Bartel, Evelyn Schultz and W. Baumhardt spent Sunday evening with Inez and Harley Loomis at Campbellsport.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schultz and sons Oscar and Arthur spent Saturday evening with Mr. and Mrs. William Marquardt at Cascade.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Buslaff and Buslaff sisters were entertained at an ice cream social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. Burnett and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Hornburg and Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Bartel and family and Cordell Bartel were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. Bartel Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Burnett, Mr. and Mrs. Dunn and Mr. and Mrs. W. Bartel were at Campbellsport Saturday evening.

Elsie Bartel, Evelyn Schultz and W. Baumhardt spent Sunday evening with Inez and Harley Loomis at Campbellsport.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schultz and sons Oscar and Arthur spent Saturday evening with Mr. and Mrs. William Marquardt at Cascade.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Buslaff and Buslaff sisters were entertained at an ice cream social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. Burnett and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Hornburg and Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Bartel and family and Cordell Bartel were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. Bartel Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Burnett, Mr. and Mrs. Dunn and Mr. and Mrs. W. Bartel were at Campbellsport Saturday evening.

Elsie Bartel, Evelyn Schultz and W. Baumhardt spent Sunday evening with Inez and Harley Loomis at Campbellsport.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schultz and sons Oscar and Arthur spent Saturday evening with Mr. and Mrs. William Marquardt at Cascade.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Buslaff and Buslaff sisters were entertained at an ice cream social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. Burnett and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Hornburg and Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Bartel and family and Cordell Bartel were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. Bartel Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Burnett, Mr. and Mrs. Dunn and Mr. and Mrs. W. Bartel were at Campbellsport Saturday evening.

Elsie Bartel, Evelyn Schultz and W. Baumhardt spent Sunday evening with Inez and Harley Loomis at Campbellsport.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schultz and sons Oscar and Arthur spent Saturday evening with Mr. and Mrs. William Marquardt at Cascade.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Buslaff and Buslaff sisters were entertained at an ice cream social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. Burnett and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Hornburg and Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Bartel and family and Cordell Bartel were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. Bartel Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Burnett, Mr. and Mrs. Dunn and Mr. and Mrs. W. Bartel were at Campbellsport Saturday evening.

Elsie Bartel, Evelyn Schultz and W. Baumhardt spent Sunday evening with Inez and Harley Loomis at Campbellsport.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schultz and sons Oscar and Arthur spent Saturday evening with Mr. and Mrs. William Marquardt at Cascade.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Buslaff and Buslaff sisters were entertained at an ice cream social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. Burnett and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Hornburg and Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Bartel and family and Cordell Bartel were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. Bartel Friday.

BATAVIA

Frank Bartel purchased a horse of Mrs. H. Held.

Miss Sylvia Goll has employment at Frank Held's.

John Borkenhagen of Adel was a caller here Sunday.

Rumor has it that we will soon hear wedding bells.

Helwig Brieske was a business caller at Sheboygan Monday.

Hans Killian of Milwaukee was a business caller here Monday.

The sewing club met with Miss Emma Held Tuesday evening.

Floyd Bern of Clintonville spent several days with friends here.

Harvey Brieske has employment with Jac. Held the coming season.

Wm. Miller and sister Irene of Barton spent Sunday with A. Wangerin.

Miss Hanna Lillega of Fond du Lac spent Sunday with her mother here.

H. C. Scholler of Kewaskum was a business caller in our village Saturday.

The Lutheran Frauenverein met Thursday afternoon with Mrs. G. A. Leifer.

Adolph Baganz of Clintonville spent several days with Ed. Kohl and family.

Wm. Anderson sold some of his household goods at public auction on Monday.

Mrs. Frank Held was surprised by her friends Thursday evening it being her birthday anniversary.

Mrs. H. P. Holz and children Althea and Howard and Richard Leifer spent Friday with the Frank Bartel family.

Mrs. Herman Lillega returned home Friday after spending several weeks with her brother, R. Scheunert at Wyana.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Hintz and daughter Lavonia, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Leifer and daughter Elaine spent Sunday with Herman Hintz.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Enright and family of St. Michaels and Mr. and Mrs. John Oettinger of St. Killian spent Sunday with John Emly.

Richard Leifer received his call to the colors Saturday, he left here last Monday for Lancaster from where he will leave for Camp Grant, Ill.

Mrs. Lydia Gersmehl who spent the winter months at Chicago came to spend the summer months with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Wagner.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Anderson surprised them with a "swallow" party at their home Saturday evening. Mr. Anderson and family intend to leave for Milwaukee Thursday.

Miss Ella Schilling spent last week at Milwaukee where she assisted in taking inventory of the dry goods stock which Wangerin-Schwenzen Co. purchased last week by purchasing the entire stock of Mr. Koronski amounting to about \$4,500.

The sewing club girls and their boy friends surprised Miss Selma Theis at her home Sunday evening in honor of her birthday anniversary. The evening was spent in playing games and at midnight a bountiful lunch was served after which the guests departed wishing Selma many returns of the day. It also proved to be a farewell party for Richard Leifer who left for Camp Grant the next day.

The sad news was received here Saturday evening that Donald, the 8 year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Frank passed away at the home of his parents Saturday. The little one had been sick only a few days with infantile paralysis. He leaves to mourn his parents, two brothers, Emil and Willie and two sisters, Nelda and Amanda. Mrs. Frank was formerly Miss Lydia Steurwald of this place.

LAKE FIFTEEN

Chas. Krueger autoed to Kewaskum Monday.

Otto Krueger drove to Beechwood Monday.

Wm. Kruewald was a New Prospect caller Tuesday.

Art. Lade is visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Gustav Lavrenz and family.

Miss Frida Heberer spent Sunday evening with Miss Norma Kumrow.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rahn spent Monday with Mr. and Mrs. John Gatzke.

Eleanor Kruewald of New Fane spent Monday with Mrs. Willie Wunder.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bleck spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Herman Backhaus.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wunder spent Monday evening with the Al. Kumrow family.

Willie Wunder and Edwin Kruewald spent Sunday at Milwaukee with Walter White.

Misses Clara and Elsie Krueger spent Sunday afternoon with Norma and Leoda Kumrow.

Miss Ella Kruewald and sister Emma spent Saturday at Milwaukee with their brother Walter.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Butzke spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kruewald at New Fane.

Clara and Elsie Krueger spent from Thursday until Friday with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Krahn at Beechwood.

Lorinda, Alela and Florence Kumrow spent Sunday afternoon with Kathryn and Marcella Harrington.

Misses Emma and Ella Kruewald spent Monday in Milwaukee visiting their brother Walter, who was operated upon on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Al. Kamrow and family and Mr. and Mrs. Otto Krueger and family spent Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Al. Harrington and family.

CONSTIPATION AND INDIGESTION

These are twin evils. Persons suffering from indigestion are often troubled with constipation. Mrs. Robert Allison, Mattson, Ill., writes that when she first moved to Mattson she was a great sufferer from indigestion and constipation. Food distressed her and she was a feeble being like a heavy weight on her stomach and chest. She did not rest well at night and felt worn out a good part of the time. One bottle Chamberlain's Tablets corrected this trouble so that she has since felt like a different person.

FOR SALE.—One Peninsular Range, good as new.—Dr. N. Hausmann.

—Tattooing and crocheting of every kind done. Inquire of Edna Groeschel Kewaskum, Wis.

THE DAILY REPORTER FOND DU LAC WISCONSIN

The Daily Reporter has its own leased wire running direct into its office connected with New York, Chicago, San Francisco, and all other big news centers. It gives you the news while it is news of the World, State and Trade news. Reporter markets fresh every day by our own wire. Best Sporting page in state in charge of competent sporting editor. Features of Newspaper Feature Co. New York, for the whole family. The famous Bowser Stories every week. Special articles by best newspaper men every week. It's the paper you'll like. Take advantage of this special offer. The Reporter gives you more news and features every day than Chicago or Milwaukee papers.

Order Today

SPECIAL OFFER \$1.00 Four Months within 50 mile

THE DAILY REPORTER, Fond du Lac, Wis. Enclosed find \$1.00. Send Daily Reporter four months to

NAME.....
R. F. D..... Box No.....
Post Office.....

NOTE! All mail subscriptions stopped promptly on expiration of time paid.

Over 25,000 people read THE DAILY REPORTER every day. Let the Daily Reporter keep you posted. Remit by Money Order. Express Order or stamps. Paper will stop at end of subscription.

KOHLVILLE

John Hess and family of Allenton called at the former's home on Sunday.

Miss Clara Endlich of Allenton visited Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Rate.

Joe. Berres of St. Michaels spent Easter Sunday with the Math. Yogerst family.

Edwin Bartel and family of Nenno visited with the Peter Klumb family on Sunday.

Wilmar Marx and sister Loraine of Milwaukee spent a few days with their parents here.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Endlich and son of West Bend spent Easter at the former's home here.

Robert Nickle of Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill., spent a few days with friends and relatives here.

Miss Clara Endlich returned home Wednesday from Milwaukee after a week's visit with relatives there.

Mrs. Chas. Saueressig and son of West Bend spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Roecker and family.

Some of our young folks were pleasantly entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joe. Marx Sunday evening.

Elsie Guthjahr of Kewaskum and Edward Guthjahr of Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill., spent Saturday and Sunday at their home here.

Albert Brinkman spent Monday at Lomira with relatives, where he acted as sponsor for his little cousin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Brinkman.

The young people and school children are preparing for a program which will be given in Dist. No. 8, at the school house on Thursday, April 11. Miss Jones is teacher. Everybody is cordially invited.

NEW FANE

Rob. Yoost and family autoed to Milwaukee Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Ramel spent Monday with Ernest Ramthun and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Backhaus and family visited Sunday afternoon with Fred Klein and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Ramel visited Sunday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Fick and family.

NOTICE.—Until further notice I will grind feed on Wednesdays and Saturdays only.—Jac. Schiltz, 4-6-2.—Adv.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Moldenhauer and daughter Adela visited Friday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Fick and family.

Mrs. Louis Lemke and son of Collins returned to their home last Tuesday after spending a few days with Henry Fick and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Heberer and family, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Ramel and family, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Ramthun visited Sunday with Carl Meilahn and family.

—The Australian wheat crop for the season of 1917-18 is estimated at 114,020,000 bushels, compared with last year's yield of 152,565,000. The 25 per cent decrease is a result of reduced acreage and unfavorable conditions.



THE UNIVERSAL CAR

All signs point to a serious shortage of cars this summer.

The price on the Touring car, Runabout and Chassis advanced on Feb. 22. Trucks, Sedans and Coupelets are still selling at the former price, but there is no way of telling how long these prices will hold.

ORDER YOUR CAR NOW

Touring car.....	\$450
Runabout.....	435
Chassis.....	400
Coupelet.....	560
Sedan.....	695
One Ton Truck.....	600

F. O. B. Detroit

WEST BEND MOTOR CO.

Kewaskum, Wisconsin

WAUCOUSTA

Roland Buslaff was a Campbellsport caller Monday.

Herman Dunn was a Campbellsport caller Monday.

Charles Burnett of Campbellsport spent Friday with his son Frank here.

A. C. Buslaff and daughters Marie and Florence were Fond du Lac callers Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Ramthun of Dundee spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. August Wachs.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Baumhardt of Eden spent Monday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Bartel.

Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Polzean and children of Campbellsport visited with Mr. and Mrs. E. Ford Monday.

Mrs. Dora Hatch and children Robbie and Dora of Campbellsport spent a few days of last week with Mrs. F. Burnett.

RHEUMATIC PAINS RELIEVED

"I have used Chamberlain's Liniment for pains in the chest and lameness of the shoulders due to rheumatism, and am pleased to say that it has never failed to give me prompt relief," writes Mrs. S. N. Finch, Batavia, N. Y.

WEST WAYNE

Wm. Clark transacted business at Kewaskum Monday.

John, Ed. and Roman Darmody spent Tuesday at Horicon.

Ed. Darmody of Juneau spent the week with his parents here.

Art. Byrnes and Roman Darmody spent Friday at West Bend.

Frank Murphy is employed at Rob. McCullough's since last week.

Wendel Petri of Wayne is employed as cheese maker for Joe Smith.

Esther and Mildred Coulter of Elmore are spending the week with home folks.

Misses Sara Coulter and Marie Darmody of Milwaukee spent their Easter vacation at home.

Wm. Darmody of here left for Camp Stevens, Oregon where he will report for military duty.

Rob. McCullough of here spent Wednesday evening at Kewaskum with his father, who is seriously ill.

April showers wash and clean old Mother Earth of Winter's germs and impurities. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea does the same thing for your stomach, bowels, blood—purifies cleans you thru and thru, a thro Spring remedy, 35c. Tea or Tablets.—Edw. C. Miller.

PICK BROTHERS COMPANY

West Bend, Wisconsin

Invest Your Money in Liberty Bonds

but buy your needs where your money buys the best. We have through years of effort given our trade the biggest merchandise values possible and are continuing to do so. Supply your needs from our large stock and you will be satisfied.

KEWASKUM STATESMAN

HARBECK & SCHAEFER, Proprietors

Entered as second class mail matter at the post office, Kewaskum, Wis.

SUBSCRIPTION \$1.50 PER YEAR

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY

Time Table—C. & N. W. Ry

Table with columns for North Bound and South Bound, listing train numbers and departure times.

Ever Miss a Train?

It's mighty irritating. It means a loss of time, and time is money these days.

MRS. K. ENDLICH Jeweler & Optometrist KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN

FUNERAL PARLOR FRANK A. ZWASKA UNDERTAKER LADY ASSISTANT



AUTO AND CARRIAGE SERVICE OPEN DAY AND NIGHT Especially Equipped to Ship Bodies From Hospital 2281 Center Street, Corner 22nd, Milwaukee, Wis. Phone Kilbourn 1318

HIGHEST PRICES PAID IN CASH

For Scrap Iron, Bones Furs, Hides and Everything You Want to Sell by S. MOSES, Kewaskum, Wis. Telephone 1691

ORDER OF NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT

State of Wisconsin, Washington County Court, In Probate. In the matter of the estate of Herman Kneupel, deceased.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

State of Wisconsin, Washington County Court, In Probate. In the matter of the estate of Jacob Weinert, deceased.

Scrap Iron Wanted—S. Moses, Kewaskum—Adv. —Albert Glander was a Fond du Lac caller Saturday. —Mrs. Otto E. Lay was a Milwaukee visitor Wednesday.

Scrap Iron wanted—S. Moses, Kewaskum—Adv. —Frank Peters has been engaged to work for Frank Harter in the town of Auburn for the coming summer.

Cigarette books, book covers, and papers invoiced at the American consulate at Nantes, France, for the United States during 1917 were valued at nearly \$1,000,000.

WE CAN Supply Your Wants —in— SEEDER POINTS VanBrunt, Monitor, Appleton, Ideal, Etc. Seeds Red Clover, Alsike and Timothy Seed Corn L. ROSENHEIMER Kewaskum, Wisconsin

LOCAL MARKET REPORT

Table listing market prices for various commodities like Barley, Wheat, Red Winter, Rye No. 1, Oats, Timothy Seed, etc.

Dairy Market SHEBOYGAN

Table listing dairy market prices for Sheboygan, Wis., including items like Spring Chickens, Old Roosters, Geese, Ducks, etc.

The Facilities of This Bank Large resources to make the security of depositors absolute. Prompt attention to requests for loans. Progressive and prudent, yet courageous to protect the customer's interests first of all. This is a bank of either saving or checking accounts—for the selection of your investments—for the guardianship of your estate—for the protection of your valuables. All these facilities are offered to you cheerfully by the BANK OF KEWASKUM. Bank of Kewaskum Kewaskum, Wisconsin Capital \$40,000.00 Surplus and Profits 35,000.00 Washington County's Largest State Bank

The Best is None too Good for Our Customers This motto, means that Highest Quality Merchandise, plus Honest Prices, plus Cheerful Service, have made permanent friends of all our patrons. NEW SAMPLES FOR SPRING SUITS AND OVERCOATS are now here and ready for your inspection Just received a new selection of Emerson Records, including all the popular and patriotic airs About Farm Machinery we wish to say that any one in need of Farm Machinery or Implements, should place an order early, not on account of the price only, but more so to be assured of prompt delivery. Shortage of material and delays in freight may cause many orders to remain unfilled. A. G. KOCH Kewaskum, Wisconsin. "The Store of Big Values"

EFFECTIVE PLAN TO KILL BORERS

Apple and Peach Trees Should Be "Wormed" Twice Yearly.

REMOVE BY MEANS OF KNIFE

Combined Scraping and Gouging Instrument is Valuable—Protectors of Various Materials Are Used by Orchardists.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The most effective method of reducing injury to fruit trees by certain borers, as the peach and apple tree borer, is to "worm" the trees regularly in the spring and fall of each year. Previous to worming, the earth should be removed from around the crown of the tree to a depth of four or five inches and the trunk brushed or scraped free of bark and loose dirt. With a little experience the worker can readily locate the borers in their burrows and remove them by means of a knife, stiff wire or other suitable tool.

A combined scraping and gouging instrument is in use in the South and is reported to be a valuable tool in worming. A piece of steel bar or a suitable waste steel strip around the farm is flattened out along about two-thirds of its length into a dull blade two or three inches wide and gradually tapered to a point. The point is bent out and slightly upward to form a hook for gouging the insects in their burrows. The other end of the blade is fastened firmly into a 12 or 14 inch piece of wood for a handle, as a section cut from an old hoe or shovel handle. The whole tool is not more than 18 or 20 inches long.

In worming care should be taken not to cut the sound bark or wood more than necessary, and the cutting should be done vertically. Carelessness in the



Application of Whitewash and Mounding of Earth Around Tree Trunk Reduces Injury of Borer.

use of worming tools may result in more damage to the trees than would be caused by the insects. After trees have been wormed it is desirable, if practicable, to go over them again a few days later, when the location of any larvae missed during the first examination will usually be indicated by the exuded frass. After the worming has been completed the earth should be replaced around the trees, and in the case of spring worming of peach trees it should be mounded around the base of the trunk to a height of 8 to 10 inches. This will cause the borers to enter the bark somewhat higher and facilitate their detection and removal.

Washes for Borers.

Washes of various materials have been recommended for use on fruit trees to repel adult insects from depositing their eggs or to prevent the entrance into the bark of newly hatched larvae. These washes are to be applied after the spring worming, and before the adult insects have issued and begun to deposit eggs. Certain caustic washes have also been recommended for use at the time of fall worming, to destroy by contact any of the young larvae that may have escaped the "hooking" and "worming" methods. Reliance in borer control should be placed on worming, using washes merely as an adjunct.

Protectors.

Tree protectors of various materials and styles have been long recommended and are more or less used by orchardists. They are intended principally to protect peach, apple and other fruit trees from attack by borers, mice and rabbits. They are placed around the tree trunk and extend from a few inches below the surface of the ground to a foot or more above the ground level.

Heavy wrapping paper and tarred paper wrapped around the tree trunk and securely fastened with strong twine have been used extensively as well as wooden veneer protectors. Cylinders of wire screening are employed with the idea of preventing the adults of apple-tree borers from depositing their eggs on the lower part of the tree.

KILLS ALFALFA PEST

Growers in Southwest Successfully Control Worms.

Nearly 100 Per Cent of Larvae Destroyed by Poisoned Bran Mash—Bait Distributed Evenly Over the Infested Field.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Cutworms that have been proving a serious pest to alfalfa growers in many sections of the Southwest have been successfully controlled by poisoned bran mash, at a cost of approximately \$1 per acre, according to reports of entomologists of the United States department of agriculture, who conducted tests in alfalfa fields in Arizona.

About 98 per cent of the larvae were killed by this treatment, and arsenate of lead seemed to be fully as effective as paris green in the experiments. It was possible to tell three days after a field had been treated whether or not the method was effective. The following is the standard formula for preparing poisoned mash for this purpose:

Fifty pounds wheat bran, 2 pounds paris green or 4 pounds powdered arsenate of lead, 6 finely chopped oranges or lemons. Distribute this bait by broadcasting over the infested field, taking care to sprinkle it thinly but evenly throughout the field. In case bran cannot be obtained readily, middlings or alfalfa meal may be substituted.

With this mash distributed as directed there is no danger of poisoning cattle or domestic animals that graze in the field where it has been placed. The mash should be scattered in the field immediately after it is prepared. If, however, it is left standing about the house, it should be kept out of the reach of children.

SAVE LIGHT BREEDING HOGS

World's Supply of Meats, Fats, Wool and Leather Rapidly Disappearing Since the War.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

It is difficult to comprehend the true significance of the great war in which this country is engaged, and it is still more difficult to forecast coming events. Among the facts that stand out clearly, however, is the need of preservation of breeding animals on farms. This is important to every nation. Countries in Europe have been forced to tap this supply heavily, so great has been the demand for meat and fats. This country's duty is to husband its fundamental resources, such as its breeding stock, to meet the unprecedented demands of the future. The world's supply of meats, fats, wool and leather has been rapidly disappearing. The needs will increase as the war progresses. And after the war, breeding stock will be in demand for restocking the wasted herds and flocks. The farmer will reap a benefit by conserving his breeders and by selling, while the war continues, stock not fit for breeding but which has been fed to the proper weight. Particularly in the case of hogs, it is economy not to market them when too young and light weight.

OUR LEADING WAR FOODS

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

"The situation is such that chief emphasis should be given to the production of the great staple food products, with special stress on wheat and hogs, the leading war foods. It is believed that the necessary production can be secured through the use of the best-known farm methods, but it may be necessary to a small extent to sacrifice certain of the less important farm crops temporarily in the interest of others which rank highest in importance as food for man. Above all, sound farm practice, including well-established crop rotations with legumes, should not be interfered with. This is in the interest chiefly of crops in future years."

DAMAGE TO TREES BY HAIL

Degree of Injury Depends Largely on Species—Hackberry and Elm Are Very Resistant.

(By W. J. MORRILL, Colorado Agricultural College, Fort Collins.)

The degree of hail injury to trees depends largely on the tree species. Those with large crowns, slender stems, brittle branches and tender bark suffer most. Box elder, cottonwood and other poplars, and soft maple suffer severely. Elm and hackberry are very resistant.

PIGEONS FOR FOOD PURPOSES

Birds Are in Class by Themselves, Producing Meat Only and Doing That Quickly.

For food purposes pigeons are usually classed with poultry. Culturally they are in a class by themselves, producing meat only, producing it very quickly, and under conditions that do not admit of growing any other creature used for food.

What Well Dressed Women Will Wear



FOR MOTOR AND GENERAL WEAR

Costs for general wear—It almost goes without saying—should be weatherproof; but weatherproof garments have to be that and much more to meet the approval of the sophisticated woman of today. She requires crisp style and substantial quality in them and cheerful colors.

Two rainproof coats that declare themselves ready to meet the most critical eye are pictured above. The only departure they make from the rules that govern in the season's coat styles, appear in the matter of length. Nearly all coats are several inches shorter than the frock worn under them, but the rainproof coat is privileged to be an inch or so longer.

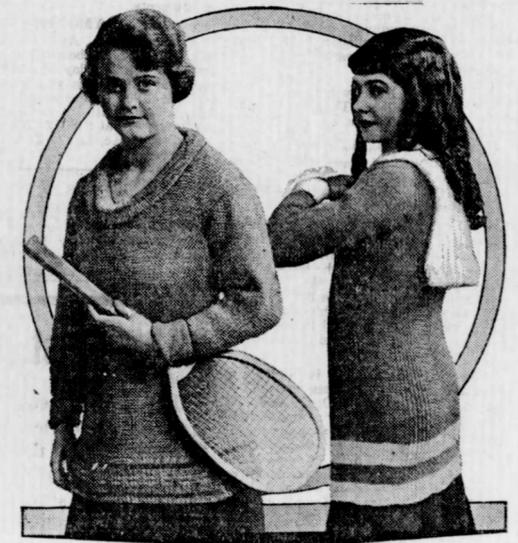
The coat at the left is a smart example of the military style and nothing will be quite so appropriate for a coat for all weathers. It has big patch pockets on body and skirt, a convertible collar and narrow, loose belt of the fabric. It fastens with a fly, to the left of the front and is equal to protecting the gown under it perfectly. It is of a fabric resembling covert cloth, in every way to be recommended.

The story of the coat at the right is told so completely in the picture that

ments that manufacturers make so nearly like hand-knitted ones that it is not always easy to distinguish between them. There is more precision in the machine-knitted sweaters, all the stitches exactly alike, but many of them are finished with hand knitting.

Leaving out the sweaters and sweaters of silk and silk fiber which are worn with sport skirts or otherwise, that are an essential of the smart woman's wardrobe, there are many styles in the very practical sweaters for real sports wear. Two of these are shown in the illustration—one for the "happer"—at the right and one for the grownup. These are both of wool, closely knitted and are classed as fitted slip-overs. The sweater for the little girl has collar and cuffs of angora wool and is a good general utility model, while the other proclaims itself an ideal garment for all sorts of sports.

A very clever model in a loosely knitted, heavy coat sweater, designed to provide warmth when it is needed, has a small square cape collar that may be turned up over the head and buttoned so that it forms a hood. It also buttons up close about the throat and has two comfortable-looking pocket



IN THE WAKE OF SPORTS

There is almost nothing to say about it. It also is made in double-breasted style fastening to the left with bone buttons and is a good style for any of the usual water-proofed wool materials like serge, twill, covert cloth, etc. To add to our comfort milliners have added rainproof materials to their stocks and even the most fragile fabrics are made impervious to moisture. But to wear with rainproof coats, small tailored hats made of millinery patent leather or of satin or lacquered brads look their capable part. A satin hat with silk cord and tassel is shown with the military coat in the picture and in style and utility they are two of a kind.

There are sweaters—and sweaters, in greater variety of design and texture and color than ever before and in almost universal demand. Silk, fiber silk and wool are the yarns used for the handsome machine-knitted gar-

ments that manufacturers make so nearly like hand-knitted ones that it is not always easy to distinguish between them. There is more precision in the machine-knitted sweaters, all the stitches exactly alike, but many of them are finished with hand knitting.

Leaving out the sweaters and sweaters of silk and silk fiber which are worn with sport skirts or otherwise, that are an essential of the smart woman's wardrobe, there are many styles in the very practical sweaters for real sports wear. Two of these are shown in the illustration—one for the "happer"—at the right and one for the grownup. These are both of wool, closely knitted and are classed as fitted slip-overs. The sweater for the little girl has collar and cuffs of angora wool and is a good general utility model, while the other proclaims itself an ideal garment for all sorts of sports.

A very clever model in a loosely knitted, heavy coat sweater, designed to provide warmth when it is needed, has a small square cape collar that may be turned up over the head and buttoned so that it forms a hood. It also buttons up close about the throat and has two comfortable-looking pocket

There is almost nothing to say about it. It also is made in double-breasted style fastening to the left with bone buttons and is a good style for any of the usual water-proofed wool materials like serge, twill, covert cloth, etc. To add to our comfort milliners have added rainproof materials to their stocks and even the most fragile fabrics are made impervious to moisture. But to wear with rainproof coats, small tailored hats made of millinery patent leather or of satin or lacquered brads look their capable part. A satin hat with silk cord and tassel is shown with the military coat in the picture and in style and utility they are two of a kind.

There are sweaters—and sweaters, in greater variety of design and texture and color than ever before and in almost universal demand. Silk, fiber silk and wool are the yarns used for the handsome machine-knitted gar-

There are sweaters—and sweaters, in greater variety of design and texture and color than ever before and in almost universal demand. Silk, fiber silk and wool are the yarns used for the handsome machine-knitted gar-

PRECIOUS FREEDOM AND COST OF WAR

American People Must Lend Part, or Pay All to Finance Great Conflict.

BUYING OF LIBERTY BONDS

Liberal Loans to Government is Advancing Financial Assistance to Our Children, Obviating Total Cost by Taxation.

(By EUGENE P. LYLE, Jr., of The Vigilantes.)

Freedom comes high, being a precious thing, it comes highest. No people is worthy of freedom that is not willing and eager to pay dearly for it. In fact, you will find no people possessing freedom that has not paid dearly for it, and you will find no people continuing to possess freedom that does not stand every ready to pay dearly, over and over, to retain it.

If this were not true, Belgium, France, Italy and England with her overseas dominions, would now be in Russia is today. If this were not true, America would still be neutral, contemptuously awaiting her turn to pass under the yoke.

Blood and treasure, anguish and sacrifice—these are the coin we bring to market; the coin we must pay. Yet the coin may be, and is, expressed in dollars and cents, not alone as a symbol of the real price we pay, but because this real price would be wantonly squandered, or paid in more ghostly measure than need be, if the cold, calm, practical business of dollar-and-cents financing were not at the heart of the heroic transaction.

Vainly would the soldier shed his blood if he were not trained and equipped to make his blows count to the utmost, and the cost of this training and equipment is an item that may be, and is, expressed in an exact number of dollars added to an exact number of cents. His country must spend precisely this amount to enable him to defend her.

Consequently we of America are now confronted with the biggest war bill in history. One year of this war is costing us as much as all the wars we have had before added to all the other expenses of our federal government since we first won our freedom.

Lending to Our Children. Ungrudgingly, yes! That of we are profoundly conscious that there is no question. The one and only question is the practical question of finance. How shall the money be found? Our ourselves must supply it, since it cannot be borrowed elsewhere. But how?

The bill is too big to pay cash on the nail as we go. And, furthermore, to pay all as we go would be just neither to ourselves nor to our posterity.

It would not be just to ourselves because we alone will not be the beneficiaries. The generations to come will benefit—incalculably benefit in the liberties preserved to them—and it is proper that they should be left to assume a fair proportion of the debt. They are buying freedom today as much as we. But we shall have to lend them the money now to pay their share. In lending to our government in buying Liberty bonds we lend to our children; and gratefully our children will pay it off.

Any other arrangement would not be just to them for the reason that, should we strip ourselves here to pay all now, we would be crippled in preparing our children for the ordinary duties of citizenship. Better far that we retain enough to so equip them for success in life that they may without undue hardship take over their quota of this war's burden! Better far us, and better for them!

Sound common sense, then, as well as equity, points the way. The war's burden should be divided. Let us pay in cash as heavily as we wisely may—that is taxation. But the rest let us leave to the future beneficiaries, lending them the money now—that is buying Liberty bonds.

Freedom's Great Price. The present moment is a good time to contemplate what will happen—in-inevitably happen—if we do not lend to posterity to help pay freedom's huge price. Nothing is clearer than the alternative.

If we do not lend our government what it asks of us in loans, then we must consent that the total cost be taken from us outright by taxation—even by a prorated confiscation.

Before such an alternative even the German, or pro-German, having property interests in this country, should choose to subscribe for Liberty bonds. In our own self-interest, apart from the issues vital to the integrity of our manhood, we can do no less—no less than lend to the last cent we may possibly save; and this not once merely, but each and every time that Uncle Sam steps from his counting house to tell us that he must have more money.

Uncle Sam is telling us this now. He awaits our response. But he is not the only one who waits. Wherever men are free or suffer to be free, there they await our response as the answer to their hopes. And there is yet another who waits—the enemy. In whatever degree our answer falls of a sobering affirmative, in exactly that degree will he take heart to prosecute the hideous slaughter.

THE KITCHEN CABINET

Hindered or helped are all who walk life's way. With you, or near your gate, You are the radium, and yours the choice. What you shall radiate! —Daisy M. Moore.

TRY THESE.

A pretty decoration for butter balls, is the spray of parsley minus the leaves thrust into the ball for a stem.

Savory Rice.—Cook together a cupful of rice and a cupful of tomato puree and broth, using either chicken or veal, season with an onion cut in halves with two cloves pressed into each half, a teaspoonful of salt, a chilli pepper, chopped fine and a dash of paprika. Cook until the rice is tender, add one-fourth of a cupful of butter and let stand until melted, then serve as above.

Potato Sausage.—Select large potatoes, peel and cut out an opening through them with an apple corer. Cover with boiling water and cook eight minutes, then drain and insert into each opening a small sausage, pricked with a fork. Put the potatoes into a baking dish in the oven and bake until tender.

Banana Parfait.—Peel and scrape to remove any fiber, three bananas, press them through a ricer; there should be a cupful of the pulp. Scald the banana with two-thirds of a cupful of sugar, the juice of half a lemon, chill and fold in one cupful of whipped cream, a third of a cupful of finely chopped candied fruit which has soaked overnight in orange juice.

Brazilian Salad.—A most delightful company salad is this: All an equal quantity of shredded fresh pineapple, apples cut in shoe-string strips, and celery, cut in the same way, let the celery stand in ice water until needed, cover the apple with lemon juice and water if not used at once, as it turns brown. Mix all the above ingredients and add a fourth of the quantity of carefully peeled Brazil nuts which have been cut in strips and soaked in milk to soften, if at all hard. Mix well and add mayonnaise dressing. Serve in nests of lettuce.

Cheese in various forms as salad or in combination with vegetables in cream sauce is a most wholesome and nutritious dish.

A delicious flavor for lamb which is to be eaten cold is given by adding a stick of cinnamon and a few cloves to the water used when broiling, during roasting. Mint may be used instead if preferred.

Try cutting out a small portion of all food, especially fats, sugar, and meats, the weight will gradually reduce to normal, the health will be better and work in an unusual degree can be accomplished without fatigue.

Endurance is the crowning quality. And patience all the passion of great hearts. —J. R. Lowell.

SEASONABLE FOODS.

Let us eat more cheese, milk, eggs, nuts, beans, peas and cereals. Such foods are appetizing, take the place of meat and may be served in so many ways that there need be no fear of monotony.

Cottage cheese which has been well seasoned will take the place of meat, and is richer in protein than meat. A third of a cupful of cottage cheese will give as much protein as a quarter of a pound of sirloin steak, or a cupful of beans is as rich in protein as one-fourth of a pound of steak. The flavor of meat is so well liked that, that is the main reason it is so hard to substitute other foods for it. A very small bit of meat (one ounce) will season other foods like rice, or combinations of vegetables, so that the dish will be well flavored and meat will be saved. If there are six to be served, six ounces of meat will be sufficient.

One may make cottage cheese or buy it at almost any cream station. To prepare it, warm sour milk at a low temperature on the back of part of the stove, or set the bowl into a pan of hot water. When the curd and whey have separated, pour the mixture through a sieve. Mix the curd with a spoon and let it drain; when well drained, mix with salt, butter, cayenne and enough cream to make it of the right consistency. The whey may be used to make bread, many cooks preferring it to any other liquid.

Nuts of various kinds vary as to their nutritive value. Twenty peanuts are equal to an inch cube of good cheese. The peanut butter may be used in many dishes to take the place of the peanut, as it is in a more available form. Peanuts should be well ground and thoroughly masticated to be well digested.

When buying bananas take those that are firm but have dark skins. A green banana should never be used unless thoroughly baked and even then they are not as wholesome as well ripened ones. Dates and figs are most wholesome sweets, they or prunes well cooked may be added to breakfast food a few moments before serving, doing away with sugar on the cereal.

When buying bananas take those that are firm but have dark skins. A green banana should never be used unless thoroughly baked and even then they are not as wholesome as well ripened ones. Dates and figs are most wholesome sweets, they or prunes well cooked may be added to breakfast food a few moments before serving, doing away with sugar on the cereal.

When buying bananas take those that are firm but have dark skins. A green banana should never be used unless thoroughly baked and even then they are not as wholesome as well ripened ones. Dates and figs are most wholesome sweets, they or prunes well cooked may be added to breakfast food a few moments before serving, doing away with sugar on the cereal.

When buying bananas take those that are firm but have dark skins. A green banana should never be used unless thoroughly baked and even then they are not as wholesome as well ripened ones. Dates and figs are most wholesome sweets, they or prunes well cooked may be added to breakfast food a few moments before serving, doing away with sugar on the cereal.

When buying bananas take those that are firm but have dark skins. A green banana should never be used unless thoroughly baked and even then they are not as wholesome as well ripened ones. Dates and figs are most wholesome sweets, they or prunes well cooked may be added to breakfast food a few moments before serving, doing away with sugar on the cereal.



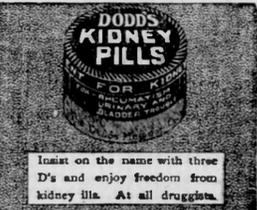
MARCH TO VICTORY

Courage is a matter of the blood. Without good red blood a man has a weak heart and poor nerves.

In the spring is the best time to take stock of one's condition. If the blood is thin and watery, face pale or pimply, generally weak, tired and listless, one should take a spring tonic. One that will do the spring house-cleaning, an old-fashioned herbal remedy that was used by our people and since 50 years ago is still safe and sane because it contains no alcohol or narcotic. It is made up of Blood Root, Golden Seal root, Oregon Grape root, Queen's root, Stone root, Black Cherry bark—extracted with glycerine and made into liquid or tablets. This blood tonic was first put out by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. If druggists do not keep this in tablet form, send 50 cents for a vial to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

Kidney disease carries away a large percentage of our people. Most every one troubled with uric acid finds that Auric dissolves the uric acid as hot water does sugar. You can obtain a trial package by sending ten cents to Doctor Pierce's Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute in Buffalo, N. Y.

Kidney disease carries away a large percentage of our people. Most every one troubled with uric acid finds that Auric dissolves the uric acid as hot water does sugar. You can obtain a trial package by sending ten cents to Doctor Pierce's Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute in Buffalo, N. Y.



Insist on the name with three D's and enjoy freedom from kidney ills. At all druggists.



For Constipation Carter's Little Liver Pills will set you right over night. Purely Vegetable. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

For Constipation Carter's Little Liver Pills will set you right over night. Purely Vegetable. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Carter's Iron Pills Will restore color to the faces of those who lack iron in the blood, as most pale-faced people do.

For COUGHS AND COLDS —Take a prompt and effective remedy—one that acts quickly and contains no opiates. You can get such a remedy by asking for

PISO'S

Saving Infants' Lives. The city of Buffalo is making a winning fight against blindness caused by ophthalmia neonatorum. It is using preventive measures like those employed in Chicago in accordance with the Illinois state law on the subject.

KIDNEY SUFFERERS HAVE FEELING OF SECURITY

You naturally feel secure when you know that the medicine you are about to take is absolutely pure and contains no harmful or habit producing drugs.

Such a medicine is Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, kidney, liver and bladder remedy. The same standard of purity, strength and excellence is maintained in every bottle of Swamp-Root.

Swamp-Root is scientifically compounded from vegetable herbs.

It is not a stimulant and is taken in teaspoonful doses.

It is not recommended for everything. According to verified testimony it is nature's great helper in relieving and overcoming kidney, liver and bladder troubles.

A sworn statement of purity is with every bottle of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root.

If you need a medicine, you should have the best.

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you will find it on sale at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy



Following the sun with

WRIGLEYS

Vision for a moment, those far off ports beyond the trackless seas—

From Arctic ice, to the torrid lands beneath the Southern Cross—

From towns tucked in the mountains, to the busy river's mouth—

WRIGLEYS is there!

There, because men find comfort and refreshment in its continued use.

Because of its benefits and because

The Flavor Lasts

"After every meal"



The Brawls' Criticism.
Mrs. Brawl—Oh, you—worm!
Mr. Brawl—Oh, you early bird!
London Answers.

Proverbial Wisdom.
"Who breaks, pays."
"That shows you don't know anything about being broke."

A forced apology is worse than none at all.

Judge not a ship as she lieth on the stocks—there will probably be a strike.

A man boasts of his bad habits only when they are the best he has.

Where there's a will there's a dozen waiting for it to be probated.

Win the War by Preparing the Land

Sowing the Seed and Producing Bigger Crops

Work in Joint Effort the Soil of the United States and Canada

CO-OPERATIVE FARMING IN MAN POWER NECESSARY TO WIN THE BATTLE FOR LIBERTY

The Food Controllers of the United States and Canada are asking for greater food production. Scarcely 100,000,000 bushels of wheat are available to be sent to the allies overseas before the crop harvest. Upon the efforts of the United States and Canada rests the burden of supply.

Every Available Tillable Acre Must Contribute; Every Available Farmer and Farm Hand Must Assist

Western Canada has an enormous acreage to be seeded, but man power is short, and an appeal to the United States allies is for more men for seeding operation.

Canada's Wheat Production Last Year was 225,000,000 Bushels; the Demand From Canada Alone for 1918 is 400,000,000 Bushels

To secure this she must have assistance. She has the land but needs the men. The Government of the United States wants every man who can effectively help, to do farm work this year. It wants the land in the United States developed first of course; but it also wants to help Canada. Whenever we find a man we can spare to Canada's fields after ours are supplied, we want to direct him there.

Apply to our Employment Service, and we will tell you where you can best serve the combined interests.

Western Canada's help will be required not later than April 5th. Wages to competent help, \$50.00 a month and up, board and lodging.

Those who respond to this appeal will get a warm welcome, good wages, good board and find comfortable homes. They will get a rate of one cent a mile from Canadian boundary points to destination and return.

For particulars as to routes and places where employment may be had apply to:

U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN; MADISON, WISCONSIN

Puts a .. Stop to all **Distemper** CURES THE SICK

And prevents others having the disease no matter how exposed. 50 cents and \$1 a bottle, 25 and \$10 a dozen bottles. All good druggists and turf goods houses.

Sohn Medical Co., Manufacturers, Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.

Buy Copper Stocks for Investment

We mean the low priced coppers like Nixon-Nevada

It sold last March at 26c a share, this March at \$1.06 a share United Verde sold at \$1.00 per share, and as high as \$45 per share You now have the same chance for profit in Nixon-Nevada

We will be pleased to fill any orders and will carry Nixon-Nevada on margin

Eastman & Co.

Mills Building NEW YORK CITY Newport Building BOSTON, MASS. Stock Exchange and Bank References

HAPPENINGS OF THE WEEK IN WISCONSIN

Green Bay—Green Bay men for the first time worked alongside of women in the shop of the Brown County Red Cross chapter. The men were members of the Kiwanis club, and they volunteered to give one evening a week to sewing and other tasks. Their record the first night was to produce 300 pads, used in the hospital beds. There were twenty men on the job, and each one agreed to induce one more to respond for duty next week.

Oshkosh—Five hundred Oshkosh women are making a house to house canvass of the city carrying with them two sets of cards to be filled out. One set relates to war gardens. The other is intended to cover the status of each family as regards Americanization so that when completed the canvass will show just how many people in Oshkosh can not read or write English and how many are not citizens.

Racine—Sergeant Fred Klema, son of Martin Klema, farm implement dealer and farmer of Caledonia, Racine county, was killed in battle somewhere in France March 27, according to a telegram received by the father from the war department. Sergeant Klema, who was 22 years old, enlisted in a Racine battery two years ago, and later was transferred to the marine corps.

Wausau—Application has been made for the pardon of Theodore Stenberg, who was found guilty of manslaughter in December, 1916, and sentenced to seven years in prison for the murder of his father-in-law. The petition asks clemency because of his splendid prison record and because of his advanced age, also because he owns two farms, which need his personal care.

Madison—Between fifteen and twenty additional instructors will be added to the staff of the College of Engineering to carry on the instruction of the 400 drafted men who are to be sent to the University of Wisconsin on April 8 as the first group of soldiers to receive two months' technical training in the university classrooms and shops for special artisan work in the army.

Green Bay—Converting of several thousand acres of cutover lands in northern Wisconsin into sheep ranches is being undertaken by the Wisconsin Sheep and Dairy Cattle company, which established headquarters in Green Bay, Wisconsin and Minnesota bankers and business men are among the heaviest stockholders in this company, which is capitalized for \$400,000.

Madison—Women war workers representing forty-nine counties of Wisconsin called in conference at Madison by the Woman's Committee of the Council of Defense last week, passed resolutions asking the President and Congress to compel all brewers to release for consumption all excess supplies of grain now in their possession.

Kenosha—Because he was patriotic and refused to have a stain placed on the name of the French, a young Frenchman from Green Bay, 20 years old, insisted on being arraigned before the court under the name of Oliver Murray. He was charged with rifling express packages and was sentenced to six months in jail.

Racine—The feeding of a 20 months old child with four hard boiled eggs within a short time caused convulsions and resulted in death. Charges made by the mother and father of the child relative to the cause of death resulted in a post-mortem examination and it was declared overfeeding had caused death.

Kenosha—S. Smolenski, member of the March 29 quota of selectmen, refused to go to Camp Custer, saying that he was a "soldier of God" and would not kill another man. He was sent to Fort Sheridan, Ill., where he will be afforded an opportunity to explain his objections to army officers.

Sheboygan—Under the supervision of Dr. G. H. Stannard as chairman, and Drs. T. Gunther, W. L. Thompson, J. P. Zohnen, Harry Heiden, and George Scheer, as a volunteer committee, a class in first aid has been formed to spread knowledge for preventing accidents.

Clintonville—Ernest Bannicke, enemy alien, was arrested here by civil authorities and taken to Milwaukee. It is charged that Bannicke had in his possession seditious literature, as well as blue prints, lists of army camps and other matter arousing suspicion.

Beloit—Beloit schoolboys have formed pig clubs and will raise pigs this summer. It is expected that the city council will amend the ordinance prohibiting pigpens in the city and encourage piggeries and pigs.

Marinette—J. W. Wells, prominent lumberman, Marinette, has offered to remodel a school building and build an addition for the benefit of the D. A. R. boys. The building would be transformed into a desirable clubhouse under the contemplated changes.

Park Falls—Howard Juneau, 19, son of Andrew Juneau, this city, is a great-grandson of the first mayor of Milwaukee Solomon Juneau. Word of his safe arrival in France, where he went with Wisconsin troops, has just been received.

Madison—Plans are being made for a grand Liberty day celebration in Madison on April 6. It is planned to have a parade on the afternoon of April 6, the anniversary of America's entry into the war, with more than 10,000 marchers. Several hundred soldiers from this county and vicinity, who are now at Camp Grant, are expected to take part. Former President William Howard Taft is expected to be one of the speakers.

Grantsburg—Simon Thoreson, former assemblyman from this district, died at his home here. He had been in ill health for a year. Mr. Thoreson had been a member of the Grantsburg school board, president and trustee of the village, chairman of the county board of Burnett county, chairman of the republican county committee and in 1896 delegate to the republican convention at St. Louis. He was born in Burdo, Norway, on May 29, 1849.

Madison—Under a proclamation issued by C. P. Norgard, commissioner of agriculture, approved by the state council of defense and Gov. E. L. Philipp, all dogs in Milwaukee, Dane, Racine, Kenosha, Ozaukee, Waukesha, Jefferson, Walworth and Washington counties must be confined or muzzled for a period of 120 days to eliminate the rabies. This is the most drastic action ever taken in the state.

Madison—Wisconsin farmers are being warned to insist upon receiving certified reports of germination tests with all seed corn which they buy from Connecticut growers or dealers. Officials of the Connecticut Agricultural college have written the Wisconsin seed stocks committee, cautioning them against buying Connecticut corn without requiring germination tests.

Fond du Lac—A H. Lewis, 71 years old, for many years prominent in business affairs of Fond du Lac, was found hanging in the basement of his residence. He had been ill all winter, suffering from a general breakdown, and had just returned from St. Petersburg, Fla., where he went for his health. His wife died three years ago.

Waupaca—The potato starch factory which has not been in operation for seven years, will start up again to make starch from potatoes which are now at a price that permits their use as starch. The factory will use 1,500 bushels of potatoes per day, paying 40 cents a hundred now for culls and No. 2 grade.

Darlington—Miss Anna Schurman, 12-year old girl trapper of Willow Springs, Lafayette county, trapped \$30.50 worth of furs during the winter. Her catch consisted of fifteen muskrat, four skunks and two minks. She personally skinned the animals and cured the furs.

Madison—With few exceptions large cities of Wisconsin reported fewer deaths last year than in 1916. A decline in the death rate is noted all along the line. The death rate is computed on the basis of the estimated population, and is considered at least approximately correct.

Wausau—Merchants in Wausau have been furnished with sugar cards. The card will apply to granulated sugar only, and to get a supply of sugar the grocer will have to present his card to the railroad company or wholesale house when calling for an allotment.

Athens—Joseph Lewandowski, a flier in a sawmill here was killed almost instantly when a steam pipe on the boiler burst. Lewandowski's back was broken and he was frightfully scalded. He was 28 years old and is survived by a widow and one child.

Sheboygan—Arthur Lackhaus, 21 years old, died at his home in the town of Auburn as the result of injuries received when his arm caught in the flywheel of a motor on a farm at New Prospect. His skull was crushed.

Sheboygan—Hundreds of housewives attended the recent city fish sale held here, when the city sold more than 3,000 pounds of pickerel and rough fish at prices ranging from 7 to 10 cents a pound.

La Crosse—The chief clerk's office of the railway mail service here will be abolished, according to word from Congressman Esch. David Evans chief clerk, and four assistants will be transferred.

Prairie du Chien—Mrs. Minnie Drink water of Bridgeport, was held by Judge Nelson of the county court on a charge of having murdered her husband, Frank Drinkwater, a saloon keeper.

Menasha—Because Menasha wants to be 100 per cent patriotic residents of Berlin street have petitioned the council to change the name to something more American.

Neenah—The arrival of a consignment of sugar here saved the city from a serious sugar famine, according to local dealers.

Waupaca—Clintonville and the village of Embarras became boze dry when federal officers ordered saloons closed for duration of the war. There are military camps in Clintonville in connection with the Four-Wheel Drive factory and no saloons are permitted within five miles.

Sturgeon Bay—The tug Brogan, which wintered at the shipyards here, sank, and now lies in twenty-four feet of water alongside the north pier. What caused the craft to sink is a mystery.

CHANGE IN THE FARMER'S LIFE

"Making a Living" Idea Has Developed Into a "Money Making Fact."

A few years ago—and not so many at that—most farmers were satisfied if they saw ahead of them the opportunity to make a fair living, a reasonable competence in their falling years, and an assurance of an existence for their families. They worked hard, and tilled their acres with this end in view. Honest struggle, earnest effort and a true conception of upright method, together with the increasing knowledge that upon the fruits of their endeavor rested the structure of the world, whose people had to be fed and maintained. Economy in method, improved conditions of working, have added to the farmer's possibilities, and today instead of being a plowder for an existence, which his early training had bred into him, he has become the bulwark of the nation, and, as such, has become elevated to a position where his word and his work are recognized as the factors it was always intended they should be. He is now the man of business—of big business. He has forced an appreciation of his work, and the true value has been placed upon it. The big men of the country today are the farmers, who, with business acumen and forensic methods, are able to tell you—from their books—what it costs to produce a bushel of wheat or a pound of wool.

All of which is intended to prove that farming is a business, as much as banking or selling a suit of clothes. It is an industrial business, with more certain profits than accompany any other line of trade. It is a manufacturing enterprise, devoid of any of the dangers that the frills of fashion's follies and desires force upon ordinary pursuits. Food is something that all must have and the farmer produces it. The cheaper it can be produced the less will be the cost to the consumer. And this is one of the chief thoughts of the farmer. Within the memory of the ten-year-old boy there have been improvements in machinery, changes in methods, scientific discoveries of chemicals as adapted to agriculture, all of which have lessened cost of production and made possible the cultivation of increased acres. In some parts these things have brought about more intensified agriculture, growing heavier crops on less acres. Improved machinery and demand for greater production have led another class in search of larger areas, where their ability may cope with the growing of a greater number of bushels. That is one of the reasons why Western Canada lands have recently come into such demand. These, at from twenty to thirty dollars an acre, and producing the prodigious crops that are claimed for them, have attracted thousands of American settlers, while other thousands have gone out into the lands in the Western states. But, as to the Canada lands, there is this to say of them, today they are cheap, and if they will yield sufficient in one year to pay the cost of the entire purchase, why should not there be a demand. The country is well settled, and settlement is increasing. As evidence of the growth of the three Western Provinces into whose territories the Canadian Government invites settlers, recent reports show the following increases from 1913 to 1917 inclusive:

	1913	1917
Manitoba	\$ 64,557,000	\$137,470,550
Saskatchewan	129,378,000	349,488,200
Alberta	46,712,000	176,965,900
Total	\$240,647,000	\$663,924,550

The total value of field crops for 1917 was \$663,924,550, produced on less than 50,000,000 acres of land.

Further evidence of prosperity and progress is found in the Government estimate of the value of farm lands, and increase in value since 1908:

Manitoba	1908	1916
Manitoba	27.30	32.03
Saskatchewan	20.40	23.37
Alberta	18.20	22.18

It will be observed that the average price of lands has not kept pace with their producing value. It is therefore pointed out that the opportunities for the purchase of high-class land is still within the reach of those with limited means.

A good idea of advancement in a country's progress may be obtained by a knowledge of what has been done in the production of cattle, and when these figures are studied in connection with Western Canada, a country whose fame having been heralded as a grain-growing country, giving the idea that that was what it was mostly adapted to, it will be realized that there is there a vast storehouse of wealth awaiting those who choose to take advantage of it. In the three provinces in 1912 there were—horses, mink cows, other cattle, sheep and swine, four million head, while in 1917 the number was seven million.

In 1901 the entire population was 419,512; in 1916 1,898,220.

One marvel at the rapid progress of the United States during the nineteenth century. But America's opportunities for growth at the beginning of that century were nothing compared to the opportunities which are Canada's at the present time.

The fact that Canada has as its next door neighbor a nation of over 100,000,000—the richest nation in the world—is bound to have a stimulating effect on its progress. Already one sees signs of it on every hand.

Canada not only has the largest area

of unoccupied, but fertile land of any country, but this land is already made available by a network of railways. Cost of production of grain is lower than elsewhere, while the prices are on a basis of those of the United States.—Advertisement.

College Men Off to War.
Only six of the 73 Harvard students who won their "H" last year are still in the university. The rest are "in the war." More than fifty Yale professors and instructors are engaged in war service.

THE GREAT WAR HAS MADE CIGARETTES A NECESSITY.

"Our boys must have their smokes. Send them cigarettes!" This is a familiar appeal now to all of us.

Among those most in demand is the now famous "roasted" cigarette—LUCKY STRIKE. Thousands of this favorite brand have been shipped to France. There is something homelike and friendly to the boys in the sight of the familiar green packages with the red circle.

This homelike, appetizing quality of the LUCKY STRIKE cigarette is largely due to the fact that the Burley tobacco used in making it has been toasted. "It's toasted" was the "slogan" that made a great success of LUCKY STRIKE in less than a year. Now the American Tobacco Co. is making 15 million LUCKY STRIKE Cigarettes a day.

A good part of this immense production is making its way across the water to cheer our boys.—Adv.

Different.
"Jack seems very melancholy lately. Has he loved and lost?"
"No. I understand he loved and won."

BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP

Why use ordinary cough remedies, when Boschee's German Syrup has been used so successfully for fifty-one years in all parts of the United States for coughs, bronchitis, colds settled in the throat, especially lung troubles. It gives the patient a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectoration in the morning, gives nature a chance to soothe the inflamed parts, throw off the disease, helping the patient to regain his health. Made in America and sold for more than half a century.—Adv.

All the Amount.
"Well, Harpud, did you raise anything on your promise to pay?"
"Sure; I raised a smile."

FRECKLES

Now is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription ointment—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots. Simply get an ointment—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength ointment, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

Old Stuff.
"He's always talking about his family tree."
"Yes, it's a chestnut."

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Next Question.
"I have just completed my farewell tour."
"And did you fare well?"

Pimply Rashly Skin
Quickly soothed and healed by Cuticura often when all else fails. The Soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal. For free samples address, "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston." At druggists and by mail. Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

Too many men pray for the things they are too lazy to work for.

To keep clean and healthy take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They regulate liver, bowels and stomach.—Adv.

He who knows nothing probably reads all the war news.

YOU NEED NOT SUFFER WITH BACKACHE AND RHEUMATISM

For centuries GOLD MEDAL Haarlum Oil has been a standard household remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and stomach trouble, and all diseases connected with the urinary organs. The kidneys and bladder are the most important organs of the body. They are the filters, the purifiers of your blood. If the poisons which enter your system through the blood and stomach are not entirely thrown out by the kidneys and bladder you are doomed.

Weakness, sleeplessness, nervousness, dizziness, backache, stomach trouble, headache, pain in loins, and lower abdomen, gall-stones, gravel, difficulty when urinating, cloudy and bloody urine, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, all warn you to look after your kidneys and bladder. GOLD MEDAL Haarlum Oil Capsules are what you need.

They are not a "patent medicine" nor a "new discovery." For 200 years they

IN MISERY FOR YEARS

Mrs. Courtney Tells How She Was Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Oskaloosa, Iowa.—"For years I was simply in misery from a weakness and awful pains—and nothing seemed to do me any good. A friend advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did so and got relief right away. I can certainly recommend this valuable medicine to other women who suffer, for it has done such good work for me and I know it will help others if they will give it a fair trial."
—Mrs. LIZZIE COURTNEY, 108 8th Ave., West, Oskaloosa, Iowa.

Why will women drag along from day to day year in and year out, suffering such misery as did Mrs. Courtney, when such letters as this are continually being published. Every woman who suffers from displacements, irregularities, inflammation, ulceration, backache, nervousness, or who is passing through the Change of Life should give this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a trial. For special advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of its long experience is at your service.

Women who laugh all the time in public nag all the time at home.

How's This?
We offer \$100.00 for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Sold by druggists for over forty years. Price 75c. Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Pride goeth before us all.

Keep Yourself Fit

You can't afford to be laid up with sore, aching kidneys in these days of high prices. Coughing, sneezing, bringing kidney troubles; almost any work makes weak kidneys worse. If you feel tired all the time, and suffer with lame back, sharp pains, dizzy spells, head-aches and disordered kidney action, use Doan's Kidney Pills. It may save an attack of rheumatism, dropsy, or Bright's disease. Doan's have helped thousands back to health.

A Wisconsin Case

Charles Silbermann, Severn Ave., West Bend, Wis., says: "My kidney trouble began with a dull, dragging pain in my back, that bothered me day and night. I got so lame I could hardly get up and I had trouble with the kidney secretion, too. Nothing gave me much relief until I used Doan's Kidney Pills. They fixed up my back and kidneys and drove away all signs of kidney trouble."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Cuticura Soap Is Ideal For the Hands

PREVENT ABORTION IN COWS! If any of your cows, before or after the birth, show a continual discharge, or any other abnormal condition, Dr. David Roberts' Antiseptic and Flushing Ointment, Price 60c per bottle, will cure them. It is a powerful cleanser and will save your calves can be saved by this simple preventive.

Read the Practical Home Veterinarian Book, for free booklet on Abortion in Cows. If no dealer in your town, write Dr. David Roberts' Vet. Co., 100 Grand Avenue, Waukegan, Wis.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
A toilet preparation of merit. It cures itching humors, restores color and beauty to gray or faded hair. 50c and \$1.00 at Druggists.

Wisconsin Directory

PROTECT YOUR PATENTS INVENTIONS BY

MORSELL, KEENEY & FRENCH
Solicitors of Patents and Trade Marks.
Arthur L. Morsell, Counsel in Patent Causes.
614 Majestic Bldg., Milwaukee. Phone Gr. 1404

INDIAN RELICS WANTED of copper and stone. Write and tell me what you have. W. F. RABBIT, 124 1/2 W. Ave., Waukegan, Wis.

W. N. U., MILWAUKEE, NO. 14-1918.

She Found Liberty in the Sword

Her Name was Joan of Arc

Across the dark horizon of medieval France there flashed the figure of the greatest woman who ever lived. From the home of a peasant she rose by her own wondrous works until she stood beside kings. She loved peace, yet she was the greatest warrior of her age. In the shadow of oppression she found the light of liberty in the Sword of Battle. Joan is dead—killed by the people she loved—but her spirit lives forever.

"JOAN THE WOMAN"

is the highest achievement of the motion picture. The story of the immortal Maid of Orleans as related by Geraldine Farrar is a gripping episode of history—more wondrous than any other story in history

CAST OF CHARACTERS

Joan of Arc.....	Miss Geraldine Farrar
Charles VII.....	Raymond Hatton
General La Hire.....	Hobart Bosworth
Pierre Cauchon.....	Theodore Roberts
Eric Trent.....	Wallace Reid
La Tremouille.....	Charles Clary
Luxart.....	James Neill
L'Qiseleur.....	Tully Marshall
Gaspard.....	Larry Payton
Jacques d'Arc.....	H. B. Carpenter
Isambeau.....	Miss Lillian Leighton
Katherine.....	Miss Marjorie Daw
Pierre.....	Stephen Gray
Robert de Beaudricourt.....	Ernest Joy
Jean de Metz.....	John Oaker
The Duke of Burgundy.....	Hugo B. Koch
John of Luxembourg.....	William Conklin
The Executioner.....	Walter Long
Guy Townes.....	William Elmer
Michael.....	Emilius Jorgensen



GERALDINE FARRAR IN "JOAN THE WOMAN"

GERALDINE FARRAR

as the immortal Joan of Arc in
the Jesse L. Lasky Production

JOAN THE WOMAN

Supported by such well known
movie stars as Raymond Hatton,
Wallace Reid, Tully Marshall,
and many others will be shown at

Kewaskum Opera House,
Sunday, April 7th

at 8 o'clock P. M. sharp

Don't Miss This Gigantic Production

EIGHT REELS

Admission 15 and 25 cents



After the day's grind, a rest and a chew of Real Gravely. This is solid tobacco comfort; and to think—Six sent it, too!

His Best Friend Sent Him a pouch of Real GRAVELY Chewing Plug

You will be sending your friend more tobacco comfort and satisfaction in a pouch of Real Gravely Plug than in a half a dozen plugs of ordinary tobacco. Real Gravely is worth sending a long way. It is condensed quality.

Gives any man a chew of Real Gravely Plug, and he will tell you that's the kind to send. Send this best Ordinary plug in solid economy. It costs less per week to chew Real Gravely, because a small chew of it lasts a long while.

If you smoke a pipe, slice Gravely with your knife and add a little to your smoking tobacco. It will give flavor—improve your smoke.

SEND YOUR FRIEND IN THE U. S. SERVICE

A POUCH OF GRAVELY

Dealers all around here carry it in the pouches. A 3c stamp will put it into his hands in any Training Camp or in front of the U. S. A. Even "over there" a 3c stamp will take it to him. Your dealer will supply envelope and give you official directions how to address it.

P. P. GRAVELY TOBACCO COMPANY, Danville, Va.

The Patent Pouch keeps it Fresh and Clean and Good

—It is not Real Gravely without this Protection Seal

Established 1831



CAMPBELLSPORT

Michael Jaeger transacted business at Milwaukee Monday.

George Gremminger was a business caller at Shawano Tuesday.

Dr. and Mrs. D. M. Walters of Fond du Lac spent Sunday with friends in the village.

Miss Leona Ulrich of Milwaukee spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Eva. Ulrich.

Mrs. John Guepe of Fond du Lac was a guest of Miss Mary Guepe here Sunday.

Miss Frieda Kloke and brother William spent Sunday with relatives at Kewaskum.

Miss Dora Ulrich is spending the week with her sister, Mrs. John Peterick at Wayne.

Mrs. Austin Sackett and daughter Ruth spent the week-end with relatives at Fond du Lac.

Anthony Schlaefter of Menomonee spent the week-end here with his mother, Mrs. T. Schaefer.

Albert Schwandt and children, Dorothy and Louis spent Sunday with the former's parents at Rosendale.

Asbur Ellis of Appleton spent a few days of this week here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Ellis.

The Misses Anna and Mildred Johnson and Esther Kaxon, and E. C. Curran were visitors at Eden Monday.

Dr. O. J. Cole of Waukesha and Miss Burton of Milwaukee were guests of the Mrs. B. Cole family last Sunday.

The Misses Leona Paas, Alice and Mary Farvell of Cadash and Lydia Vetsch of Milwaukee were guests of relatives here Sunday.

Frank Becker and son Frank, Ray Wenzel, A. F. Schmidt and Leo Gremminger were business callers at Milwaukee last Saturday.

Clemens Kleinhaus, a student of Pia Nona college at St. Francis, spent the Easter vacation here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Kleinhaus.

A. J. Hilbert of Camp Grant, Ill., and Miss Mae Donnelly of Milwaukee visited with relatives and friends in the village and vicinity Saturday and Sunday.

T. A. Dieringer Sunday.

Mrs. John Remmel, Mrs. Chas. Hughes, Mrs. Tillie Nolan, Mrs. Genevieve Hoffman, Mrs. Gustav Schell, and Miss Agnes Klotz were among the callers at Fond du Lac Monday.

Miss Mae McGinnity and Roman Thill, came home from the Oshkosh Normal school last Friday evening to spend a few days with relatives and friends in the village and vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. John Peterick of Wayne, Miss Alice Peterick of Milwaukee, John Ulrich of Manitowish and Adolph Ulrich of Camp Grant, Ill., spent Sunday with the Bernard Ulrich family.

Friends were informed of the death of Mrs. Ellen Mullen, which occurred at Los Angeles, California last Thursday. Mrs. Mullen was the mother of Mrs. John Zuecaro, formerly of this village.

The new side track to the S. J. Stevens Co., cold storage building and cheese warehouse was completed Monday and the company is now prepared to handle the large shipments of cheese which are being made from here daily.

Mrs. George Yankow, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Schimmelpfennig, Mrs. Jos. Bauer and daughter, Mrs. A. Schwandt, Mrs. L. C. Kohler, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Schmidt, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Sonn, Wm. Knickel, Henry Seering, R. A. Smith, E. C. Curran, Geo. Klotz and Ernst Kloke were among the callers at Fond du Lac during the past week.

The oratorical and declamatory contest of the students of the local high school were held at the Now Opera House last Saturday evening.

In the oratorical contest Rodrick Wyse won first, George Klotz second and Eric Zerk third prizes. In the declamatory contest Thelma Scholler, Anna Ulrich and Lydia Zerk respectively won first, second and third places. Rodrick Wyse, George Klotz, Thelma Scholler and Anna Ulrich will represent the local high school in the district contest which will be held at Rosendale.

Bright eyes, clear complexion, vim, vigor and force all indicate perfect health; without it you are handicapped in the race of life. Take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea each week and keep up with the live ones. 35c. Tea or Tablets.—Edw. C. Miller.

EDEN

Harry Yager is hulling clover in this vicinity.

Edwards Baumhardt sawed wood in this vicinity last Thursday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. George Brady a baby boy, March 28th.

Mrs. Cora Smith was a Fond du Lac caller one day last week.

Miss Bessie Richardson was a guest of Eunice Martin Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Poket were Fond du Lac callers Wednesday afternoon.

The next Red Cross meeting will be held at Mrs. F. Foket's place.

Miss Agnes Braun spent Sunday afternoon at her home in East Eden, Eden School Dist. No. 13 has been closed the past two weeks on account of diphtheria.

A number from here attended "The Birth of a Nation" at the Henry Boyle theater Sunday evening.

The Misses Alice, Dora and Minnie Grahl, Thelma Kashoff and Trace Jawarski motored to Fond du Lac Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. T. O. Briggs entertained the Red Cross unit at her home Wednesday afternoon. It is reported they are doing very fine work.

John Seefeld was a Campbellsport caller Sunday.

Wm. Strupp and wife were Eden callers Monday.

Herman Rehorst was a Fond du Lac caller Sunday.

Billy Baumhardt was a Waukesha caller Sunday evening.

Chas. Pagel transacted business at Fond du Lac Saturday.

ELMORE

Willie Engler was a caller here on Wednesday.

Miss Olive Rusch spent Sunday at her home here.

Christ, Schmalz of Theresa was a village caller Sunday.

Mrs. Frank Flisch of St. Kilian was a village caller Monday.

Mrs. Wilma Bonland of New Fane was a village caller Sunday.

John Sonn was a business caller at Campbellsport Wednesday.

Alphons Schmutz is employed at House volke's for the summer.

Mrs. Henry Rathmann visited with friends at Kewaskum Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Becker and son were Kewaskum callers Tuesday.

Charles Flischman did some butchering for Ernest Rusch Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Volm visited with relatives at St. Bridgets Sunday.

Rev. Romeis and family visited with the Rev. Csatlós family at Wayne Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Geidel and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Hugo Volke.

J. H. Kleinhaus and family of Campbellsport spent Sunday with John Mathieu and wife.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Boegel visited Sunday with the Joe Bonlander family near St. Kilian.

Mrs. Helen Schill is visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Philip Beisber at St. Kilian for a few weeks.

Mrs. Charles Reinhardt of Milwaukee is visiting a few days here with her mother, Mrs. Jacob Guntly.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Spradow and son Walter were the guests of Rev. Romeis and family Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Backhaus and Nora Geidel spent Friday with Richard Hornburg and family at Waukesha.

Mrs. John Struebing spent a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Mike Gantenhein Jr., and family at St. Kilian.

Mrs. Albert Straebing and daughter Aneta and Norman Kleinhaus were Fond du Lac callers Wednesday and Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. John McCarty and family and Mrs. Louis Sabisch and family spent Tuesday with Mrs. Chr. Becker and family.

Mike Gantenhein Jr., and family moved their household goods to Campbellsport Thursday, where they will make their future home.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Spradow and family, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Backhaus and son of Kewaskum, Mrs. Julius Kloke and daughter Eunice visited with Reuben Backhaus and wife last Monday.

ASHFORD

Louis Fox spent Friday afternoon at Lomira.

Henry Hurt of Eden spent a few days here.

Flora Badden was a Fond du Lac caller recently.

Wm. Dreikosen spent Wednesday at Fond du Lac.

Mrs. Anton Dreikosen spent Monday at Brownsville.

Peter Reimer of Theresa spent Monday and Tuesday here.

John Strum of Milwaukee spent Easter with his parents here.

Wm. Dreikosen spent from Thursday until Sunday at Milwaukee.

Albert Schmitt spent Sunday afternoon with the A. Kruewald family.

Nic Muel of Milwaukee spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Muel.

Mike Weyer of Lomira and Mrs. Weyer Sr., spent Easter with the Ben Weyer family.

Ed. Berg, Arnold Berg, Martin Thelen, Joe Gunbeck, Mike Serve and A. Krudwig spent Friday at Lomira.

On Sunday evening, April 7, 1918 at 8:30 o'clock the St. Martin's choir of Ashford will give a play entitled "A Mother's Cause" at St. Martin's school hall. Everybody is cordially invited.

Miss Irene Berg returned home from a six weeks visit with her sister, Mrs. Henry Muel at Colby.

Little Eleanor Muel accompanied her home and visited her grand parents for a few days.

The funeral of Nick Hart of Campbellsport, formerly of here, was held from St. Martin's church Saturday at 10:30. The Rev. Theo. Toeller officiated. He was a member of the Catholic Knights of here and of St. Kilian and Campbellsport.

Leonard Knickel was at Eden village Tuesday.

William Bernie of North Eden called here Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Schroeder of West Bend called here last Sunday.

John L. Gudex and son Leonard were at Eden village last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Gudex drove to St. Cloud last Sunday for a two days visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Gudex and family of North Osecola visited here last Sunday.

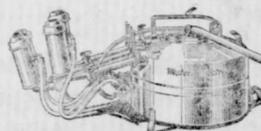
Ben Steinacker and John A. Gudex made a business trip to New Fane on Tuesday.

Mrs. Mary Hughes visited her mother, Mrs. Alhardt at North Osecola on Tuesday.

You've Heard About It!

The Milker Without a Fault

NO RUBBER MILK TUBES



The Western Electric OMEGA Milking Machine

Let Us Show It To You

The Western Electric Omega Milking Machine not only takes the drudgery out of milking—not only releases you from the labor problem—not only milks cows as the calf sucks—but guarantees absolutely, clean milk—purer than you can get by hand and more of it.

You are bound to be interested in the Western Electric Omega Milking Machine as it has no rubber milk tubes to convey the milk from udder to pail. Short transparent straight and unbreakable celluloid tubes take the place of several feet of rubber hose as employed on other milking machines.

The test cups can't fall off and suck up the dirt. The milking action is individually controlled by special milk cocks on every tube. A real milking machine without a fault.

J. E. Oppenorth, Distributor, Kewaskum.

Call and see Milker in actual operation at John Oppenorth farm

CONSULT

WM. LEISSRING

ABOUT YOUR EYESIGHT

Exclusive Optometrist will be at the

REPUBLICAN HOUSE Kewaskum, every 2nd Wednesday of each month from 9 to 12 A. M.



I Prescribe and Make My Own Glasses

Schlegel Hotel West Bend, Wis. Home Office New Location, 20 Plankinton Arcade, 2nd Floor, Milwaukee

Overland

Willys Knight

Smith Form-a-Truck

JOHN W. SCHAEFER & SONS

PLACE YOUR ORDER EARLY TO INSURE PROMPT DELIVERY

Kewaskum, Wisconsin

We can turn out anything in the printing line that you need, at a price as low as any one, quality, material and workmanship considered. Come in and see us before placing your order elsewhere.

Subscribe for the Statesman and Get into the fast filling ranks

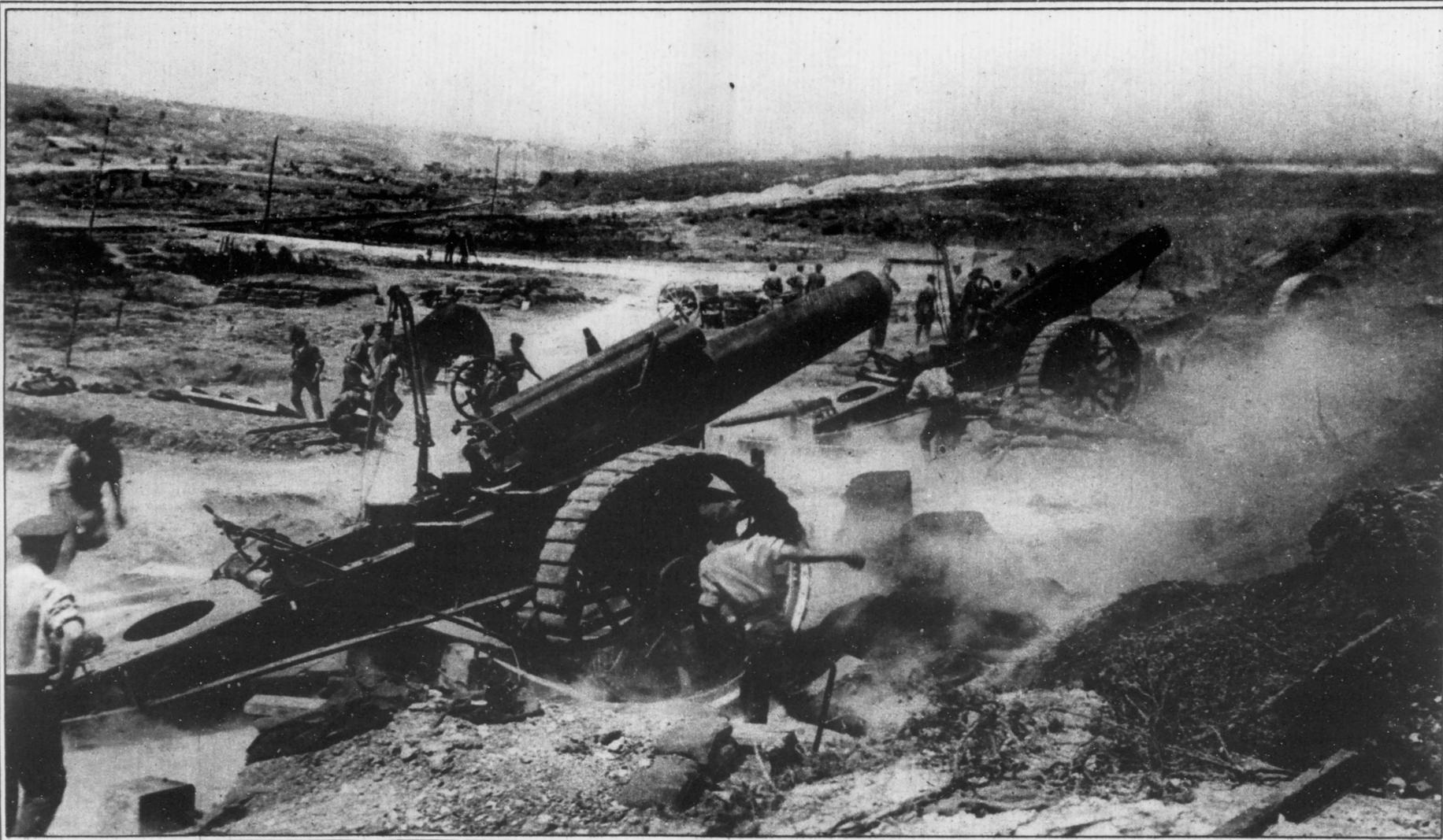
THE PICTURE PRESS

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

How Italian Ingenuity Fights Austrian Gas with Fire; The World's Heaviest Howitzers in Action

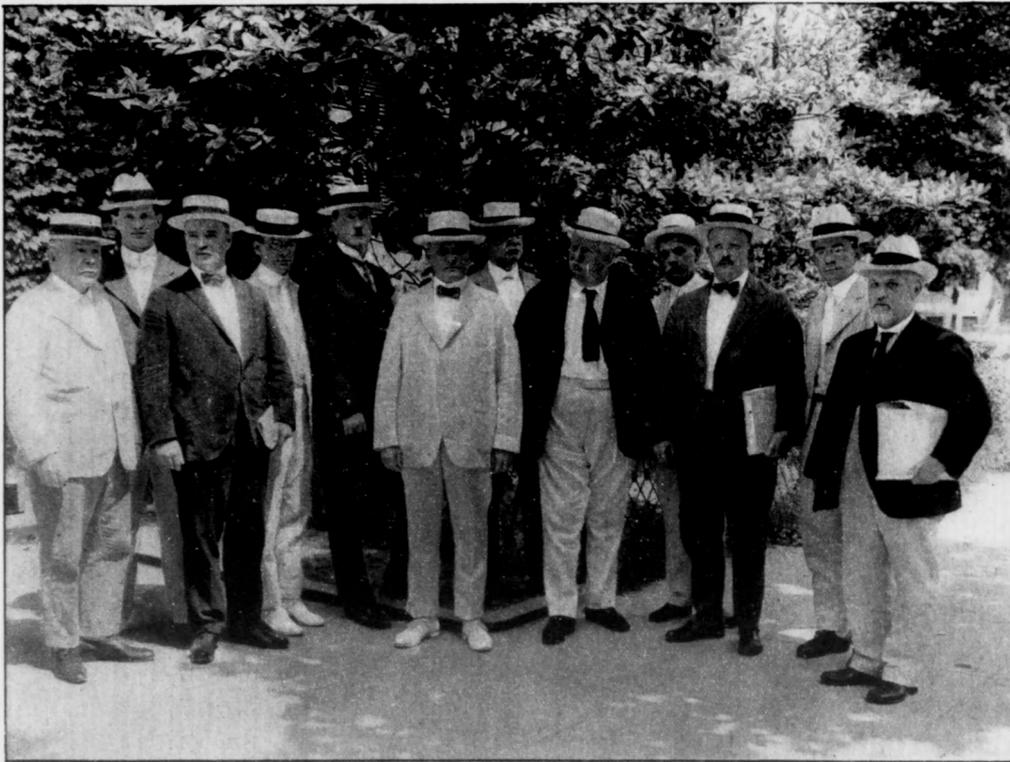


On the Isonzo front the clever Italian soldiers counteract the effect of the Austrian asphyxiating gases by lighting braziers on their front line trenches whenever the death-bearing clouds are seen sweeping over the intervening stretches of "No Man's Land." The braziers disperse the noxious fumes.



These British heavy howitzers, called the heaviest guns of the kind ever made, are hammering the Hindenburg line.
(Upper photograph passed by the Official Press Bureau and copyrighted by Underwood & Underwood; lower, by the Central News Photo Service.)

"HOOVERIZING" A NATION OF CARELESS AND CHEERFUL EATERS



The Food Administration's Commission on Prices. Left to Right, James W. Sullivan, George W. Nasmyth, Henry J. Waters, William N. Doak, R. Goodwyn Rhett, Henry A. Garfield (Chairman), Prof. Frank W. Tausig, Theodore N. Vail, Eugene E. Funk, J. W. Shorthill, L. J. Tabor, Dr. Edwin F. Ladd.



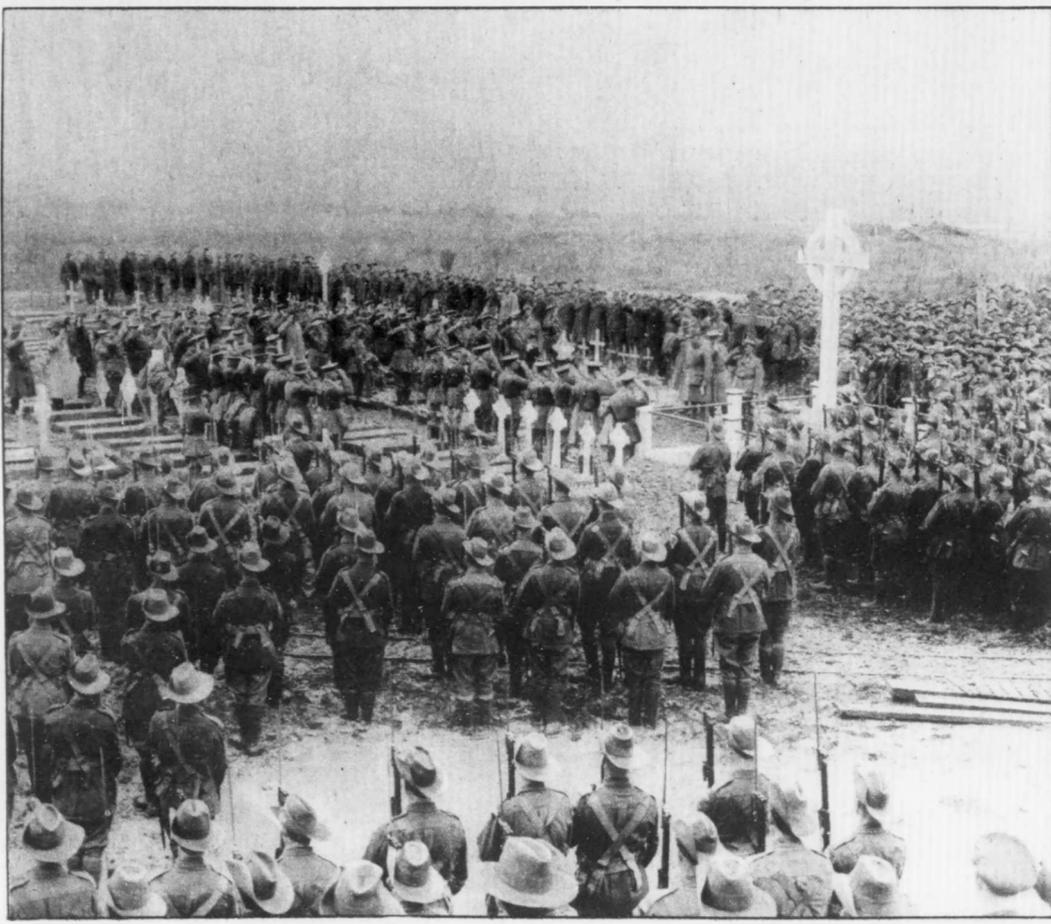
The Federal Food Administrators of the United States Food Administration. The Men in the Picture Represent a Score of States. Herbert C. Hoover Stands in the Middle of the Front Row.



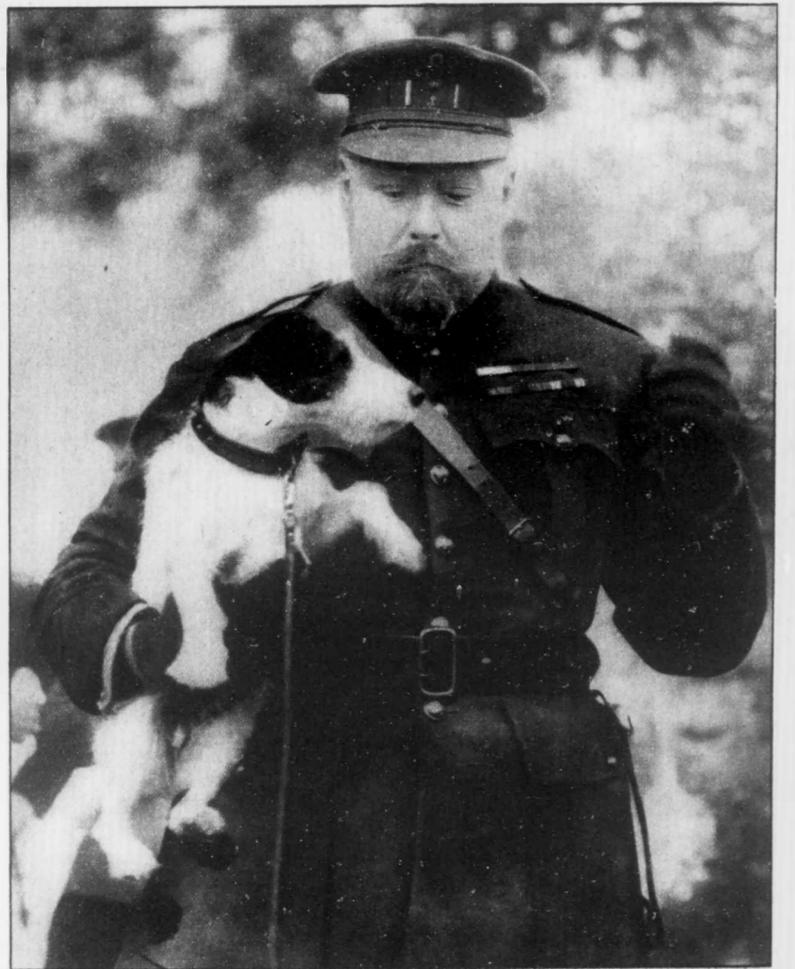
The Livestock Conference Called by the Secretary of Agriculture and the United States Food Administrator in the New National Museum Building at Washington. In the Front Centre Stand Mr. Hoover and the Secretary of Agriculture, David F. Houston.



The Girl Scouts of Washington Celebrated Labor Day Mailing Photographs of the Uniform Pledge Cards of the United States Food Administration and Special Girl Scout Cards to 1000 Captains Throughout the Country Appealing to 150,000 Girl Scouts for Active Aid in Food Conservation.

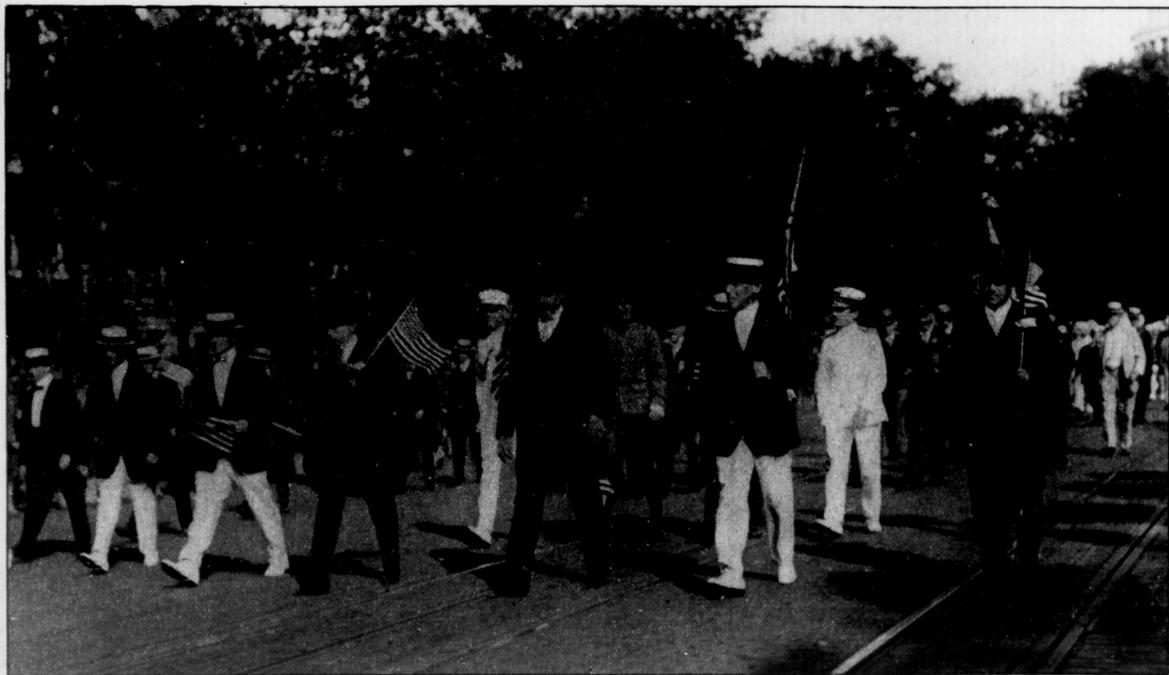


An Impressive Scene in an Impressive Ceremony. Australian Troops Are Presenting Arms at the Unveiling of a Memorial to the Men of the First Australian Division in France.



Almost Always the Soldier Loves His Dog. This Is Maj. Osterreich of the Belgian Mission, Formerly Military Attache at Petrograd, with the Dog, His Inseparable Companion, Who Was with Him in the Trenches When He Was Seriously Wounded in the Leg.

MEN WHO ARE MAKING HISTORY AND SOME SCENES IN WHICH THEY FIGURE



Marching for Preparedness. President Wilson Sets a Lively Pace as He Leads the Parade in Honor of the Drafted Men of the District of Columbia and the Entire Country Through Pennsylvania Avenue in the Nation's Capital.



W. A. F. Ekengren, the Swedish Minister to the United States, One of the Neutral Diplomats in Various Countries Whose Name Has Appeared in the Dispatches in Connection with the Messages Published by Secretary Lansing as Having Been Sent from Argentina for the Advantage of Germany.



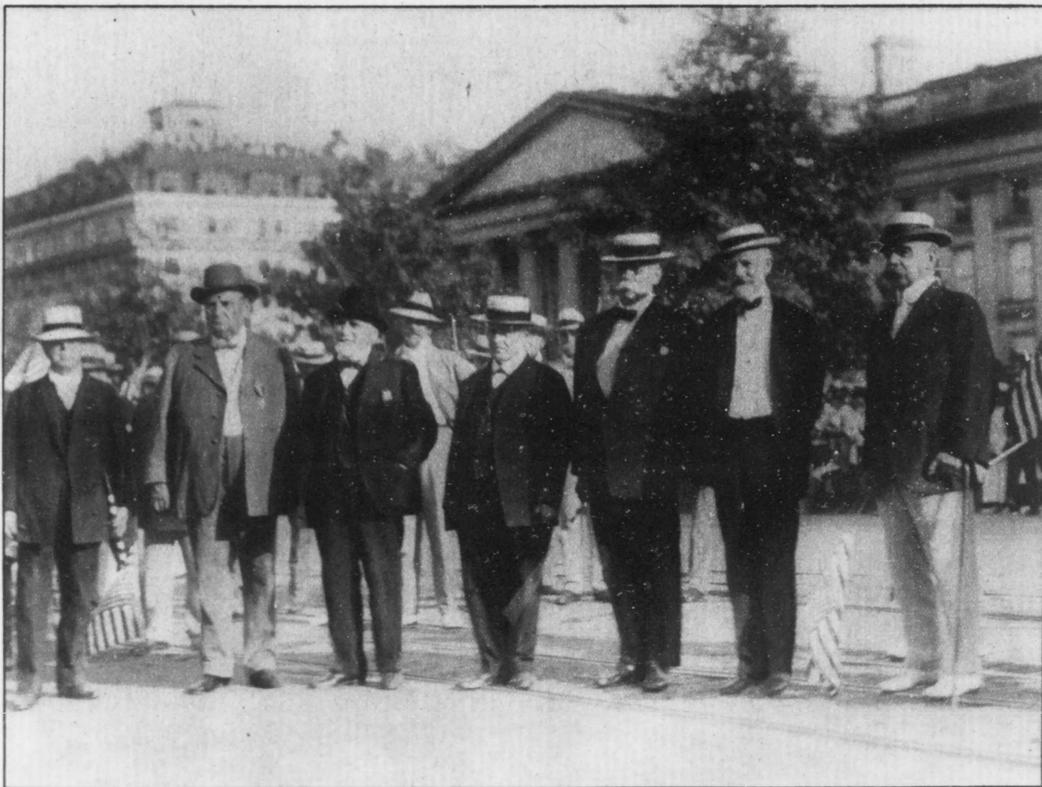
London Also Has Its Veterans of the G. A. R. Here They Are as They Looked When They Watched the Procession of Uncle Sam's Troops Through the Streets of the English Capital. They Volunteered for Any Service in Their Power.



After Four Years, Donald B. MacMillan Comes Back, and His Trophies Indicate That He Not Only Pricked the Crocker Land Bubble, but That He Is Some Hunter as Well.



Gen. Edwards Shakes Hands with Gen. Johnson, Who Succeeds Him as the Commanding General of the Department of the Northeast.



The Senators Also Marched in the Washington Parade. In the Line Here Shown Appear, from Left to Right, Senators Chamberlain, Bankhead, Neison Martin, Warren and Lodge.

Photographs from International Film Service and Underwood & Underwood. Those from Washington Copyrighted by G. V. Buck, from Underwood & Underwood.

(Printed by The Water Color Co., N. Y.)

Business and Professional DIRECTORY

A. A. PERSCHBACHER BUICK and CHEVROLET AUTOMOBILES

THE CASH SHOE STORE L. C. Kohler, Proprietor FINE LINE of FOOTWEAR

SCHAUB'S GARAGE Wm. Schaub, Proprietor. Kissel and Dodge Autos

REPUBLICAN HOUSE W. F. SCHULTZ, Prop. Excellent Accommodations

DR. W. N. KLUMB DENTIST Kewaskum - Wis.

PHILLIP McLAUGHLIN Dealer in Sausages and All Kinds of Meats.

FORD SALES and SERVICE WEST BEND MOTOR CO.

OPTOMETRIST MRS. K. ENDLICH Kewaskum - Wisconsin

J. W. SCHAEFER & SON Willys-Knight & Overland Autos and Service Station

KEWASKUM CREAMERY S. C. WOLLENSAK, PROPRIETOR

GEORGE KIPPENHAN Studebaker Automobiles and Service Station

SEERING & CURRAN THE PEOPLES' STORE Highest Market Prices Paid

A. VAN DE ZANDE I. KLOTZ Campbellsport Auto Sales Company

E. F. MESSNER J. DICKMAN Campbellsport Produce Co.

LUMBER! LUMBER! If you contemplate building, let us figure on your lumber bill

KNICKEL-KRANS CO. THE OLD RELIABLE STORE Campbellsport - Wis.

DR. KARL F. HAUSMANN DENTIST Kewaskum - Wisconsin

THIS OFFICE is the place to have your printing done, no matter what kind it may be.

When You Think "BANK"—Think Bank of Kewaskum

The Old Reliable Bank CAPITAL \$40,000.00 SURPLUS AND PROFITS \$35,000.00

P. J. HAUG DEALER IN EDMUND GRAMM PIANOS

SOLO CAROLO RECORD ROLLS WITH WORDS

The Kewaskum Jewelry Store "The Store With The Goods" KEWASKUM - WISCONSIN



There is one Phonograph which is chosen when heard in critical comparison. It won the highest award at the Panama-Pacific Exposition.

DRINK LITHIA STANDARD QUALITY BEER

WEST BEND BREWING CO. WEST BEND - WIS.

FARMERS and MERCHANTS STATE BANK

CAPITAL \$25,000.00 Kewaskum, Wisconsin.

Choice Groceries

JOHN MARX KEWASKUM, WISCONSIN

Flour and Feed

PROTECT YOUR BEST FRIEND.

Every horse deserves a Good Blanket; it is not a difficult matter to satisfy him if you look over my stock of Blankets at \$3.50 and up to \$12.00 per pair.



Gloves and Mittens I carry a large stock of Canvas Gloves and Mittens to be sure that you are getting the right article at the right price.

VAL. PETERS, Kewaskum, Wis

BUY A LIBERTY BOND

TO-DAY

For Big Results Advertise in the Statesman

Grind Your Own Feed And Save Money

SAVE money in many different ways by grinding your feed at home by our modern, scientific roller process.



HOWELL Roller Feed Mill Grinds twice as fast and at half the expense with the same power required by the best burr mill.

Sold and Demonstrated By George L. Foerster

I also sell the Hollow Wall Silo, FOND DU LAC TRACTOR, Hinman Milkers and the famous Mitchel Feed and Litter Carriers.

CURRAN & SCHMIDT CAMPBELLSPORT WISCONSIN Sell The PAIGE The Most Beautiful Car IN AMERICA

WALL PAPER, you find it at J. H. Paas & Son The Rexall Store Campbellsport, Wis.

P. L. GEHL & SON MONUMENTS

SPECIAL DESIGNING TO ORDER PHONE 125 Hartford - Wisconsin

Mr. Business Man

WHY not make your appeal for patronage through the columns of this newspaper? With every issue it carries its message into the homes of all the best people of this community.

Surplus Wheat of the United States Has Been Sent to Famine Threatened Europe.

America's great corn crop, exceeding 3,000,000,000 bushels, will save the world's food situation, officials of the United States food administration believe.

Corn is the nation's best food cereal, housewives are beginning to realize, it contains all the elements needed to keep the body in a state of health and when used according to the scores of tried recipes, especially when combined with an added portion of oil or fat, will sustain life indefinitely.

Owing to transportation difficulties caused by the war the corn crop moved more slowly to market this year than ever before. Now, however, the cereal is reaching the millers and consumers.

Today there are approximately 20 bushels of corn for every American. This quantity is greater by five bushels than in former years.

Corn has become the nation's mainstay in the crisis of war.

Just as this cereal saved the first American colonists from famine on many occasions, just as it served as a staple food during the War of the Revolution and during the Civil War, King Corn has again come to the front in the nation's battle with autocracy.

Corn meal is finding greatly increased use in the making of ordinary white bread. Hundreds of housewives and many of the larger bakers are mixing 20 per cent. corn meal with wheat flour to make leavened bread. This kind of a mixture is worked and baked in the same recipes and with the same methods that apply to straight wheat bread.

Corn bread—using corn meal entirely—is gaining a greater popularity than ever before. Housewives are coming to realize that every pound of wheat saved in America means a pound of wheat released for shipment to the nations with which America is associated in the war.

There are a score of corn products that today possess unusual importance for Americans. Corn syrup for sweetening corn cakes and buckwheat cakes and for use in the kitchen instead of granulated sugar is one of the leading products made from corn.

Corn oil, excellent for frying and for every other purpose filled by salad oils, is appearing on the market in large quantities. It comes from the germ of the corn.



Your Copy

REMEMBER We Are Always at Your Service

Read the Ads in This Issue as They will be of Interest to You

Kewaskum State



INTANGIBLY BEAUTIFUL . . .

WITH A HERITAGE OF CHARACTER

● Where does the commonplace end, and true distinction begin?

You see a hundred women... a thousand flowers... a score of jewels. And suddenly your attention is arrested by *one*, standing out from the many... *one* intangibly beautiful and appealing.

The qualities that make for true individuality are varied and deep-rooted. In Gilbert papers, distinction is achieved by a fine combination of materials, processes, human skill, and integrity. Your immediate impression of these rag-content papers is that

they are exceptionally handsome in appearance. For instance, the bond papers have an intense clarity of whiteness or color. The cockle-finish closely resembles the texture of costly parchment. The sheet rattles with the metallic crackle of gold leaf. And *strength!*... every fibre in this paper is vitally alive, remarkably resistant to tearing, erasures and the abuses of daily business procedure.

All Gilbert Quality Papers—tub-sized and air-dried bonds and onionskins, ledgers, bristols, vellums, safety papers—have a heritage of beauty and strength that inspires character. For over 50 years, American executives have chosen these papers to represent the stability and personality of their institutions.

Write on your business letterhead for a complete sample portfolio of Gilbert Quality Papers... then discuss their application to your needs, with your printer or Gilbert merchant.

GILBERT



LANCASTER BOND
100% rag-content. Made entirely of new, white cuttings. The finest quality, for letterheads of prestige and character.

RESOURCE BOND
50% rag-content. Made from selected fabric cuttings. The "All-Purpose" bond, for all demands of modern business.

DISPATCH BOND
25% rag-content. High quality, low cost. Especially suitable to large mailings. Good for office forms and letterheads.

THE GILBERT LINE
includes ledgers and bristols of 100%, 75%, 50%, 25% rag-content; fine vellum, blue-print, onion-skin and safety papers.

THE GILBERT PAPER COMPANY • MENASHA, WISCONSIN, U. S. A.

This advertisement appears in Fortune and Printers' Ink Monthly for April 1940

Under Regulations 43, relating to war tax on admissions and dues, every person, corporation, partnership or association, including ticket brokers, relative to the care and feeding so that these children, who, if unaided must die due to improper care and feeding, leaving the world poorer because of their little ones, is hereby advised by the State Live Stock Sanitary Board of the Wisconsin Department of Agriculture. daughter Elva, Mrs. Henry Backhaus and son Jeorme spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Dubbin and family. Mrs. Wm. Glass and daughter Elva, Mrs. Henry Backhaus and son Jeorme spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Dubbin and family. A merry and... been sent to you immediately after the report reached the U. S. that the ship arrived safely, did you get that card, I am sending some slips called the Hatchet which we printed on the nesday. Mr. and Mrs. Viola Geaski v Sunday evening Adam Rode